THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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EVENING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JANUARY 3.

Col. Hardeman

We give, this evening, the ...ited and ...leman, of practical letter of Col. Tom ...e Democrats remaining at their po... His letter will well repay perusal.

PERSONAL.—We had the ...asure of a call, this morning, from M... V. Redfield, of Tennessee. Mr. Redf... is traveling correspondent of that fin...rnal, the Cincinnati Commercial, and ...racy, pungent letters under the signat... of Avery, have been widely copied. H... a very young man, but has shown h...self a close observer, and a lively wr...

COL. THOS. H... DEMAN, JR.

He Urges the D...ocrats to stand ...

MA... GA., Dec. 30, 1869.

Col. I. W. Avery, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: Busi... engagements have prevented an ear... reply to your note of the 27th, asking opinion upon the present situation of affairs in Georgia, and the course the patriotic members of the Legislature should pursue" in the present emergency.

It is with gr... diffidence I venture an opinion in the dark hour of our history, and I am the more reluctant to give expression to that opinion, knowing, as I do, that it is in conflict with that of older and wiser heads. With painful anxiety I have watched the action of Congress towards Georgia fr... its incipient measures of reconstruct... to the last culminating act, which at o... blow destroys State's sovereignty and ... as such to the Federal authorities, with all the machinery of government in successful operati... back to a military department, and I are asked ... we not to some extent responsible for our present situation? We have fail... to realize the fact that Congress is now the three co-ordinate branches of the Government, and that the Executive and ...udicial departments are but agents for carrying out its orders when authoritatively expressed by a party caucus, or a legislative enactment.

Ignoring the fact that the Constitution is an obligation of the past, not binding at present, we have deluded ourselves with the idea, that its sacred injunctions were now obligatory upon those who have buried it, "as a war measure," and that the idea of reconstructing a State (acknowledged by two Presidents as having fully complied with its enabling act, and by them recognized as a State, complete in all its functions,) was simply preposterous and absurd. Acting under this impression, we have often dared the *absorbing* branch of the Government to override those Constitutional restraints that our Fathers imagined were thrown around our National Legislature and they have accepted the challenge.

Conscious now of the powers *assumed* by Congress we should not defiantly invoke the exercise of those powers. They are legislating for party supremacy, and if they fail, it will be because human ingenuity is powerless to provide "the ways and means." No just imagines for one moment that the construction measures are constitutional. They are essential to the salvation of the party hence proper and necessary "to be enacted. In the exercise of these extra-Constitutional powers, it is madness to defy them by threats of vengeance from an outraged people. The *people* will bear all Congress enacts. Quit, then, bullying Congress. It is assumed boldness or mad rashness, for, like the injudicious animal, we may bellow and throw up dirt, but the great train of events is hurrying on, regardless of our pawing or noise. Let us look, then, at things as they exist, and act as becomes men whose every interest—social, civil, and political—is at stake, and not attempt to evade them by abandoning the field, and thus leave your enemies "masters of the situation."

This brings me to your second inquiry: "What shall the members of the Legislature do?" I am aware some able correspondents advise non-action, resign, refuse to take the oath, stay at home. *Ou bono?* Will this thwart the objects contemplated by those in power? This whole question is in a nutshell. Have the Radicals sufficient strength to organize the House (a bare majority is a quorum). If so, why resign to prevent what they have the power to do without you? If our numbers are sufficient to prevent the organization, they are then strong enough in themselves to make a quorum, and can then shape legislation. Why, then, not remain at duty's post, and avert as far as possible unwise and ruinous legislation.

I can not concur in the opinion that non-action is our policy. With all due deference to distinguished friends, I have ever believed many of our troubles can be traced to the non-action policy of our people in sending delegates to the Convention that framed the Constitution. It were idle to recall the Past only as a guide for the present. Our enemies mean action, and we must meet them on the field prepared to dispute every inch of ground until the conflict is over. There were some Conservative Republicans in the Legislature who could not swallow all the legislation contemplated by the leaders. Shall we leave them to contend alone, or shall we not strengthen and encourage them by kind counsel and assistance? But, my sons, our friends North urge us not to take the oath and be driven from the halls of legislation at the point of the bayonet. This is bold advice. I honor those men at the North who are so nobly battling for all that is left of Constitutional Government. They deserve the gratitude of every patriot heart, but how will their advice affect us? Are not our members confronted with a bill making it a penal offense to attempt to hold office? And have we not a military commander ready and willing to carry into effect the "*kind* wishes" of his employer. Resistance would only rivet firmer the chains that bind us.

I remember well in the dark hour of '60 and '61, when assaults upon the rights of the States were coming thick and fast, from a sectional party who had marshalled their forces for a general charge upon the institutions of the South, we were told then, with all the eloquence of earnestness—resist to the last extremity, these dangerous innovations upon constitutional government. History tells the rest—our advisers, in many instances, regarded us as rebellious, and with "the point of the bayonet," joined in those great war measures, which have culminated in Georgia's degradation and humility. Upon ourselves alone we must rely, and we can not hope for safety by abandoning the field. It matters not that the Legislature is an unconstitutional body; it will not be so regarded by those in power, and I hope our friends will be there, prepared to discharge their whole duty. Concert of action, by friends of good government, is essential to success, and if wise counsels prevail we can effect that concert. Let us cease this wholesale abuse of those who differ with us on measures affecting the interest of the State. Many men are now in the Republican ranks who have been driven there by denunciation. These men can and should be drawn back into our ranks, and uniting their shield with ours, battle valiantly for the prosperity and honor of the State.

Let our Legislators, by a just and liberal policy toward the colored population, disabuse their minds that we are the enemies of their race. They are a part of our body politic, and if we do our whole duty in protecting them by wise and impartial laws, in the enjoyment of their every right, the time is not far distant, when Radicals will curse the day they deluded them, with false hopes and falser promises.

Legislators! The honor, the dignity, the life of your State is in your hands. Let reason, not passion, guide your counsels. Let justice to all, regardless of race or color, shape your statutes, and with an eye single to the good of your noble State, so legislate that even your oppressors may see dignity in your humility, justice in your laws, wisdom in your counsels. Do this and Georgia, even in her territorial condition, will command the admiration of her sons, if not the approval of her enemies.

THOMAS HARDEMAN, JR.

☞ See Fourth Page.

LETTER FROM MEMPHIS.

An Extraordinary Solar Eclipse not Mentioned in the Almanac--What People Say about the Territorialization of Georgia—An Error Corrected—Memphis Politics—A Lucky Fellow.

MEMPHIS, Dec. 31, 1869.

Editor Constitution: During Christmas week Front street was darkened. The sun shone, but a dull, black pall overspread the city. Pigeons flew away at noon-day to dovecotes and chickens went to roost. To assure themselves that the shadows of night had not fallen upon the universe, men watched the unclouded sun. Its brilliant rays were arrested and neutralized. Sons and daughters of Africa thronged each thoroughfare, and blackness reigned. "Hell's Half-Acre," "Sodom" and "Rotten Row," blessed districts of benighted heathitude, were resonant with roundelays, and Sambo sung and danced, and was supremely b'essed. Dinah dawdled to and fro, swinging luxuriantly from the arms of languishing lovers. Red bandanas were ravishingly twisted over banks of well carded wool, and great greasy eye-balls rolled tenderly beside noses as prettily proportioned as canvassed hams. Railway trains and steamers brought sooty multitudes from plantations everywhere, and Rotten-Row gathered its beauty and its chivalry. There were sounds of revelry by night, and oaths and imprecations and horrible blasphemies rent the air. Memphis of old, on another Nile in another Egypt, was not more an African city than this of ours. Mungo Park said "when the sun goes down all Africa dances." For four days the sun was down in Memphis.

MEMPHIS CITY POLITCS.

Our municipal elections are at hand, and though registered whites out numbered blacks as two to one, the triumph of the Radical candidate is by no means impossible. Sam P. Walker, a nephew of the late President Polk, a man of extraordinary native intellect, generous to a fault, and most adroit as a manager of the multitude, is announced as an independent candidate. He will hardly support the regular nominee of the Democratic party. If a Radical or negro candidate be not presented, Walker will surely triumph. Walker is sound, shrewd enough to maintain silence when troublesome questions are discussed, and when his opinions, as to the vexed question of negro suffrage, are sought to be developed, he becomes as communicative and indefinite as the Delphian oracle. On the contrary, straight Democracy in Memphis still signifies adhesion to Pendleton and an unmixed white man's government.

The Appeal has grown gray in the service of the South, is still unmoved and uncharged; The Sun has no "black" spots on its luminous disc; the Ledger, edited by a Georgian, of course is trustworthy.

WHAT IS SAID OF GEORGIA'S DUTY.

By the way, I suggested some weeks ago that if Congress sought to force Georgia to adopt the 15th Amendment some little opposition would surely be encountered, and that Bullock might find it more difficult to *control* a minority than to *secure* a majority in his enslaved Legislature. If Georgia must determine whether the calamity, just illustrated in its practical operation in Mississippi, must rest forever on each Southern State, if Georgia must say whether Congress shall control at will, if it would under the second section of the 15th Amendment, all local elections, not only will the end be attained by that lawless moral force which Congress now applies, but the bayonet must intervene. In fact Bullock must needs fasten a ball and chain to the legs of white members of the Legislature, when the test vote is to be taken, to prevent their evacuation of Atlanta.

Forsyth, of the Mobile Register, like the writer of this, a Georgian by birth, and impelled, by prejudice and a predilection which Goldsmith described as a lengthening chain binding each wanderer to his childhood's home, defines the same possible course for the Legislature of Georgia. Tennessee is threatened, and if the bayonet be invoked and the State thrust out of the Union, we can only confess that Radicalism has accomplished every wrong and evil ascribed to secessionism. The Union is no more, and involuntary secession is achieved. Helpless as we are, this fact in contemplating the progress of this terrible revolution with stolid apathy, we can only bend before the storm which sweeps over the country, overturning and destroying every bulwark of freedom. Primarily, the South suffers most, but the manacles which bind us also enchain every Northern State, and prepare the people of the Union for the coming oligarchical empire.

AN ERROR CORRECTED.

I was not exact in the reference made in a former letter to the Southern Life Insurance Company. Its directors and managers here, as individuals, are worth many millions and monthly applications for policies at this office have exceeded half a million dollars. Its assets exceed $600,000 in cash alone, and its surplus fund is $105,000. If men holding policies to the amount of $700,000 should be struck by lightning tomorrow the debt would be paid in a week.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The Democratic Convention of Memphis meets to-day to nominate a candidate for the Mayoralty. There are many aspirants and a deal of feeling has been generated. If Radicalism present a candidate and Walker divide, as he will, the Democracy. there is no means of anticipating the result. The number of registered negroes is about one-third of that of the whites. A gentleman named Bolling, late a banker and now a cotton broker of this city, has discovered some old deeds or leases for 99 years, made before the old revolution, which, it is said entitles him to large estates in Richmond and Petersburg. L.

☞ Reading matter on every page.

☞ William B. Reed, ex-Minister to China, ex-counsel to Jefferson Davis, and a leading aristocratic Democrat of Philadelphia, is a defaulter in a sum estimated at not less than $200,000, and, it is believed, has absconded. He is a grandson of Joseph Reed, Adjutant-General of the Continental Army, whose traitorous record during the Revolutionary war is so well known that repetition or comment is unnecessary. Although Mr. William B. Reed has never been regarded as a man entirely above distrust, yet he was deemed incapable even by his most bitter foe, of perpetrating the monstrous frauds of which he is accused. Residing in a palatial mansion on Chestnut Hill, the father of a numerous family, surrounded by every luxury and comfort that wealth could command, a man of much taste and cultivation, a clever lawyer, the favorite of the late President, James Buchanan, Mr. Reed has passed his life to the age of 65, without other attacks upon his public reputation than those incident to his extreme political partisanship.

☞ Banks has interviewed Napoleon III, but not as well as Dick Taylor did Banks.

☞ Judge Strong, of Pennsylvania, is mentioned as the probable successor of Mr. Stanton on the Supreme Bench.

☞ There are 138 monasteries in the United States, where men live under vows of celibacy and poverty, and 300 nunneries of various grades.

☞ Mr. Brewster, ex-Attorney General of Pennsylvania, was to have had Hoar's place had the latter been confirmed Associate Judge of the Supreme Court.

City and Suburban Affairs.

RESIGNED.—Judge John D. Pope, of the Atlanta Judicial Circuit, has tendered his resignation. A street rumor assigns Col. John L. Hopkins as his successor.

S. K. JOHNSON, Esq.—The popular and energetic Superintendent of the Georgia Railroad, S. K. Johnson, Esq., accompanied by his bride, arrived in this city this morning.

GOOD RUNNING.—Conductor Welsh, on the Georgia Road, has not missed a connection this year. He runs a safe and sure schedule. Bully for Mike.

DEATH OF A. E. MARSHALL.—We were pained to learn this morning, of the death, in this city, from paralysis, of A. E. Marshall, Secretary of the Senate. He was a genial gentleman, noted for many good traits of character, and highly esteemed.

SNOW.—As we are penning these lines the snow is falling rapidly. Oh, the snow, the beautiful snow, don't give us much of a blow, or on you we might bestow curses which would send you below, where you would have to freeze out or melt!

Vacancies Caused by Ineligible Members of the Legislature.

Editor Constitution: In one or two of your articles alluding to certain members of the Legislature being thrown out of Congress, you speak of others, or the "next highest" taking their places, etc.

Now, if you will look closely to the late Act of Congress, you will see, that while Gov. Bullock is required to call together those persons declared by Gen. Meade as elected, and to administer a certain oath to them, and in case they do not take said oath they are declared *ineligible*, yet, *there is no provision for filling their places.* On the contrary, while the Act was before the House of Representatives, *an amendment was proposed* to provide for *these and other* vacancies, but it was *opposed by Ben. Butler and voted down.*

It is true that the Code says that in all popular elections, where the candidate is ineligible and can't qualify, etc., the next highest comes in. But Gov. Bullock does not call the Legislature by virtue of any authority in the Code, or the laws of Georgia. Neither are these members made *ineligible by the Code*, and on the contrary *they were and are eligible by the Code*, and they have only *lately* been made "ineligible" *by an Act of Congress*, and as Gov. Bullock's sole authority for tendering to the members of the Legislature a certain oath is *by Act of Congress, and as Congress declined to provide for the filling of vacancies*, etc., I don't see how he can fill them. By this very Act Congress recognized these men as members of the Legislature; they have served as members of the Legislature. BY THE CODE OF GEORGIA THEY ARE STILL MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE, and whenever a MEMBER of the Legislature *resigns* the is but one way, under the Code, for the vacancy being filled, and that is, *by an election.*

To *remove all doubts* then, and to give Bullock not even the semblance of the 121st section of the Code to fill the places of the several members, who can not take the *new oath*, would it not be *best for these persons* to forwith *resign*, without giving any reason for their resignation. This would prevent it being said they "declined," "refused," or "were ineligible," or were "unable" to take said oath.

But enough. I think every Democratic member who can take the new oath ought to appear promptly at Atlanta and *take his seat* and *stay there* and *vote*, etc., as long as the legislative body is in session

JACKSON.

Georgia News.

HANDS FOR 1869.—We learn that the freedmen are generally remaining with those they worked for last year.

The Albany News says the calico ball was a brilliant success. Alfred Holly, of Albany and Bronson, of Baker, cut each other badly with knives in Newton on Wednesday.

We would name Colquitt, Gordon, and Tift as umpires for the Democracy, and havn't a doubt but the people would harmonize on a line of policy they would indicate.—*Albany News.*

The Savannah News announces the death of Dr. J. J. West, of Savannah, who succeeded Col. Bartow as Captain of the Oglethorpe Light Infantry of the 8th Georgia. The Savannah churches are to have a week of united prayer.

The Columbus Enquirer reports the killing of Mr. James B. Cottington by W. G. Weeks, at Talbotton, on Thursday afternoon. Both were respectable citizens, and were on good terms. Weeks is so remorseful that he threatened to take his own life. Mr. Madison Biggers broke his leg.

The Macon Telegraph-Messenger says a real estate agent has sold $3,000 of city property in Macon in a few days. It is a hard thing to get a clerkship in Macon—there are 20 applicants to each vacancy, and 500 refusals to one acceptance. Let the young men go to trades.

That Sterling old patriot, Judge Cabaniss, has written a letter to THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION urging that every Democratic member of the Legislature attend at the coming session and take the oath if he can. This is sound advice, and we hope not one will fail to take it.—*Savannah Republican.*

THE RADS IN ATLANTA.—We have Radical authority for the statement that there is immense disgust, alarm, confusion, and excitement among the "Republican masses" in Atlanta—the "nastiest state of things conceivable," according to the voluntary testimony of Republicans themselves.—*Col. Sun.*

The Rome Courier is in favor of the meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee; and also of the Democratic members of the Legislature meeting on the 5th. It reports the election of R. V. Mitchell Master of Cherokee Lodge, and D. M. Hood Master of Oostanaula Lodge. Two negroes were killed on Monday night near Hall's Mill on the State Road. They were found on the side of the track mutilated. It is supposed the night train killed them.

The Macon Telegraph-Messenger endorses Judge Cabaniss' letter, and says it never will be the advocate of the policy of standing aside in dignified disgust and letting the Radicals work their will with Georgia. It also facetiously comments on as sharp a man as Hulbert trusting Wimpy, the renowned amateur detective. It asks the question: And who knows but Wimpy has sold out Hulbert for enough to indemnify his losses by investment and travel in the counterfeiting business.

The Democrats should attend. We believe that this policy is generally approved by reflecting men, since it would be impossible by any other means to defeat the schemes of the Bullock conspirators. The day of the meeting of the Legislature is close at hand, when we hope, those leading Democrats who have the welfare of the State at heart, and whose opinions will command the confidence of the true men in the Legislature, will be present in Atlanta to aid with their counsels and advice. Till then, we suggest that, after what has been published, silence on the part of the press would be advisable.—*Savannah News.*

The vile conspiracy against the people of Georgia promises at present to be a partial failure. Still we would admonish our Democratic and Conservative friends to be watchful and wary. Do not be entrapped into a course that will lead to the substantial accomplishment of all the designs of Congress. The mere defeat of the personal aspirations of Bullock and Blodgett, though very gratifying, will not compensate in full for a ready acquiescence in the other Radical demands. The new complications are making the situation intensely interesting, but they do not free it from danger.—*Columbus Enquirer.*

WHAT SHALL THE LEGISLATURE DO?—It must first be ascertained how the Legislature stands, and how far each individual member may be depended upon. This can only be arrived at after that body has met and consulted. Our advice is for every member to assemble promptly under Bullock's call. Absence and delay can accomplish no good. The Supreme Court assembles the same day, and our Legislature will have the advantage of the advice and counsel of many distinguished, able and true gentlemen from various sections of the State. A writer in the Telegraph and Messenger suggests that the Democratic members refuse to take the oath; that they utterly refuse to acknowledge or accept in any shape the new degredation offered by Congress. This proposition, with all others that have been made, must be considered.—*Columbus Sun.*

DENTAL COMMITTEE.—Committee on Operative Dentistry—Drs. E. Parsons and W. Johnson, of Savannah; and Dr. A. C. Ford, of Atlanta.

Committee on Mechanical Dentistry—Drs. U. Van Geissen, of Stockton; H. J. Royal, and A. M. Postley, of Savannah.

Committee on Dental Education—Drs. J. P. H. Brown and S. Holland, of Augusta; and E. M. Allen, of Marietta.

THIRD DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

On motion of Dr. Clark, the President Drs. S. G. Holland, P. P. Lewis, W. Johnson, H. J. Royal, and S. Hape, were appointed delegates to the Southern States Dental Association, which meets in New Orleans in April, and Drs E. M. Allen, J. P. H. Brown, A. C. Ford, U. Van Geissen, H. A. Lowrance and S. Hape delegates to the American Dental Association, which assembles in Nashville during the first week in August, 1870.—*Savannah Republican.*

The Columbus Sun, in regard to the members of the Democratic Committee, says: We are not prepared to endorse the above call. In the first place, it is not certain that the Executive Committee have anything to do with the business in hand. The only business left to them is to settle the time and place for holding the next Democratic State Convention. Ordinarily, we should not object to the meeting of that body, and its consideration of the issues before us. But it must be borne in mind that several of the Committee have developed very crochety ideas on the situation; others have been known to be in strong affiliation with Bullock and his gang of conspirators. It is believed that one of the members of the Committee is in his pay and service. It would not pay to develop party policy in the presence of leaky vessels.

The suggestion as to the assembling of the distinguished gentlemen named, meets our hearty approbation, and we are pleased to know that professional business will call some of those named, and others no less true and influential, to Atlanta about the time of the assembling of the Legislature.

Light Melange.

I.

SOME WIT OF NINON DE L'ENCLOS.

"What a pity that wrinkles should not be all under our heels, instead of on our faces! It would be a much better arrangement."

The poor little Chevalier de Sevigne found himself seated, one day, between Ninon and Champmesle, the comic actress. These brilliant women must have eclipsed the heavy little man, for Ninon said he "looked like a pumpkin fricasseed in snow."

At one time she was attacked with such a serious malady, that her life was despaired of. Her weeping friends gathered round the bed, and declared that they could not survive her loss. "Bah!" said she, with a flicker of her irrepressible wit, "I shall only leave dying people behind me, after all." This was an age, be it remembered, when Charles of England, on his death-bed, could turn with a smile to the sniveling courtiers about him, and blandly beg pardon for being such an unconscionable time about dying.

II.

SUNDAY AMONG THE MINERS.

On a pleasant Sunday, a minister may be sure of a congregation, and it is generally quite as attentive as the fashionable assemblages in our city churches. The auditors form a motley gathering. There are rough men with unkempt locks and unshaven faces, their garments covered with dirt from the mines, or torn by the branches of the forest trees through which they have been wandering. Nearly all are armed, and the display of revolvers and bowie-knives seems strangely out of place in a gathering for religious purposes. Here and there, though generally few and far between, may be seen women who have accompanied their husbands to the Far West, and are sharing with them the privations of a mountain life.

II.

A REFRESHING PICTURE OF JAPANESE LIFE.

The custom of men and women bathing together nude, shocking as it seems to an European, appears to be perfectly compatible with Japanese ideas of modesty and propriety; and a Japanese lady of undoubted virtue, finds nothing wrong in the practice. I shall long remember an incident which convinced me of the truth of this statement. During my stay at one of the mines on Yesso, where there is a hot spring, I went one evening with one of the officers of our staff to take a bath. The small spring house had an outer room for servants and miners, and an inner compartment for the officers and their families; but this division was only above the water, which ran from the spring into a box about three feet deep and eight feet long. As we entered the inner compartment, we found the wife of the chief officer bathing with her children. Before I had time to withdraw the lady came out, and politely offering us the bath, remarked, that as there would not be room for all of us, she would go with the children to the other compartment. The whole thing was done so gracefully and without the slightest embarrassment on her part, that I began to wonder from what direction would come the next shock to preconceived ideas of propriety. HONI SOIT QUI MAL Y PENSE is perhaps as applicable in a Japanese public bath as in the galleries of sculpture of the Vatican.

THE BELLE OF THE SOUTH.—A pretty figure of moderate height and plumpness; soft brown hair, fine and glossy, with an auburnish sheen in it; delicate, well cut features, a straight and beautifully chiseled nose, with large, thin nostrils; a mouth made up of dimples, Cupid's bows, pearls, rose-leaves, and warmth; dark brown eyes, tinged with hazel and shaded by long lashes and a pleasing sadness of expression, honest eyes withal, full of sensibility, tenderness, and refinement; small ears, tinted like tiny sea-shells; a neck of snow, and a bust and shoulders Canova would have loved to have made immortal in marble; dainty feet, and hands as soft as if made only to caress; a graceful, dignified bearing; a low voice, sweet and musical; a mind well balanced and appreciative in disposition, warm-hearted, generous, affectionate, and sensitive.—["Round About" in the Courier-Journal.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—A protest from Texas Conservatives was received by the President to-day, in which they declare the recent election to have been illegal, and claim that several thousand fraudulent votes were cast for Radicals. The President will submit the protest to Congress, together with General Reynold's report, when the latter is received.

In the course of conversation with Southern men to-day, the President informed them that he would withdraw Hoar's name, and submit that of a Southern man, for the Supreme Bench.—[Special to the N. O. Picayune.

A PROCLAMATION.

GEORGIA:

By Rufus B. Bullock, Provisional Governor of said State.

ATLANTA, GA., Dec. 23, 1869.

BY virtue, and in pursuance of an Act of Congress, to promote the reconstruction of the State of Georgia, approved, December 25d, 1869, of which the following is a copy, to-wit:

"AN ACT to promote the Reconstruction of the State of Georgia:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the Governor of the State of Georgia be, and hereby is authorized and directed forthwith, by a proclamation, to summon all persons elected to the General Assembly of said State as appears by the Proclamation of George G. Meade, the General Commanding the Military District, including the State of Georgia, dated June 25th, 1868, to appear on the same day, certain to be named in said Proclamation at Atlanta, in said State, and, thereupon, the said General Assembly, of said State, shall proceed to perfect its organization, in conformity with the Constitution and laws of the United States, according to the provisions of this Act.

SEC 2. And be it further enacted, That when the members so elected to said Senate and House of Representatives, shall be convened as aforesaid, each and every person claiming to be elected as a member of said Senate or House of Representatives, shall, in addition to taking the oath or oaths required by the Constitution of Georgia, also take and subscribe, and file in the office of Secretary of State of the State of Georgia, one of the following oaths or affirmations, namely:

"I do solemnly swear, or affirm, as the case may be, that I have never held the office or exercised the duties of a Senator or Representative in Congress, nor been a member of the Legislature of any State of the United States, nor held any civil office created by law, for the administering of any general law of a State, or for the administration of justice in any State, or under the laws of the United States, nor held any office in the military or naval service of the United States, and thereafter engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or gave aid or comfort to its enemies, or rendered, except in consequence of direct physical force, any support or aid to any insurrection or rebellion against the United States, nor held any office under, or given any support to any Government of any kind, organized or acting in hostility to the United States, or levying war against the United States, so help me God; or on the pains or penalties of perjury as the case may be; or the following oath or affirmation, namely: "I do solemnly swear or affirm, as the case may be, that I have been relieved by an Act of the Congress of the United States from disability as provided for by Section 34 of the Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States, so help me God; or on the pains or penalties of perjury, as the case may be;" which oath or affirmation, when so filed, shall be entered on record by the Secretary of State of the State of Georgia, and said oath or affirmation, or a copy of the record thereof, duly certified by said Secretary of State, shall be evidence in all courts and places, and every person claiming to be so elected, who shall refuse, or decline, or neglect, or be unable to take one of said oaths or affirmations aforesaid, shall not be admitted to a seat in said Senate or House of Representatives, or to a participation in the proceedings thereof, but shall be deemed ineligible to such seats.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That if any person claiming to be elected to said Senate or House of Representative sas aforesaid, shall falsify take either of said oaths or affirmations, as above provided; he shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and shall suffer the pains and penalties thereof, and may be tried, convicted and punished therefor, by the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Georgia, in which district said crime was commit ted, and the jurisdiction of the said Court shall be sole and exclusive for the purpose aforesaid.

SEC 4. And be it further enacted, That the persons elected as aforesaid, and entitled to compose said Legislature, and who shall comply with the provisions of this Act by taking one of the oaths or affirmations above prescribed, shall thereupon proceed in said Senate and House of Representatives to which they have been elected respectively, o re-organize said Senate and House of Representatives respectively, by the election and qualification of the proper officers of each House.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall, by force, violence, or fraud, wilfully hinder or interrupt any person or persons elected as aforesaid from taking either of the oaths or affirmations prescribed by the Act, or from participating in the proceedings of said Senate or House of Representatives after having taken one of said oaths or affirmations, and otherwise complied with this Act, he shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and may be tried, convicted and punished therefor, by the Circuit or District Court of the United States for the District of Georgia, in which district said offense shall be committed, and shall be punished therefor by imprisonment at hard labor, for not less than two, nor more than ten years, in the discretion of the Court; and the jurisdiction of said Courts shall be sole and exclusive for the purpose aforesaid.

SEC 6. And be it further enacted, That it is hereby declared that the exclusion of any person or persons elected as aforesaid, and being otherwise qualified, from participation in the proceedings of said Senate or House of Representatives, upon the ground of race, color or previous condition of servitude, would be illegal and revolutionary, and is hereby prohibited.

SEC. 7 And be it further enacted, That upon the application of the Governor of Georgia, the President of the United States shall employ such military or naval forces of the United States, as may be necessary to enforce and execute the preceding provisions of this Act.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the Legislature shall ratify the 15th Amendment, proposed to the Constitution of the United States, before Senators and Representatives from Georgia are admitted to seats in Congress."

I hereby issue this, my proclamation, to summon all persons, elected to the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, as appears by the Proclamation of George G. Meade, the General Commanding the Military District including the State of Georgia, dated June 25, 1868, who are qualified to appear at Atlanta, in said State, on Monday, Tenth (10th) Day of January next, whereupon such of the said persons as are qualified to hold office, in accordance with the provisions of the Acts of Congress in such cases, made and provided, will be organized in the Senate and House Representatives respectively, as the Provisional Legislature of the State of Georgia, for the purpose of promoting the reconstruction of Civil Government in said State in accordance with the laws of the United States.

RUFUS B. BULLOCK,
dec24- Provisional Governor.

JOHN I. HALL. | JOS. A. COTTEN. | WM. T. WEAVER.

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ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

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Monroe Female College,

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THE SPRING SESSION of this Institute will open on the 1st MONDAY IN JANUARY, 1870.

For information apply to either of the undersigned for Catalogues.

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Griffin Male Institute.

GEO. C. LOONEY,
A. D. CANDLER, A. M., } Principals.

THE SPRING TERM of 1870, will begin January 18, and embrace six scholastic months. The entire expense to a pupil of this School, for

TUITION AND BOARD,

including Lodging and Fuel, for the Spring Term, need not exceed $120, to be paid in advance.

Apply to Principals for Circulars.
Griffin, Ga., Dec. 15, 1869—d3m

LaGrange Female College,

LAGRANGE, GEORGIA.

THE EXERCISES of this Institution, under a new organization, will begin

Monday, January 24, 1870.

The College building will be thoroughly repaired and elegantly furnished. The Board of Instruction will be constituted of the

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that can be secured in the south.

For further information address:

REV. BENJAMIN CALLAWAY,
Pres't of LaGrange Female College,
dec21-d3m LaGrange, Ga.

Marietta Female College.

REV. WM. A. ROGERS, A. M., President, (Late President Griffin Female College.)

THE Scholastic year is divided into Three Terms of three calender months each.

The Spring Term will open 1st February, 1870.

The entire expense for a boarding pupil, who takes no extra study, is $210, exclusive of books, washing and lights.

A limited number of pupils can be accommodated with board in the family of the President, who resides in the College building.

Early application should be made by those who prefer their daughters should board in College. Board may also be obtained in the best families in the city, at the same moderate rates.

REMARKS—The locality of Marietta is twenty miles above Atlanta, and directly upon the Western and Atlantic Railroad, and surpasses any in Georgia, in respect to health, pure air, water and natural scenery. The citizens are intelligent, refined, Christian, and, as a community, are resolved to devote their influence, patronage, and money, to the establishment of a first-class Female College in their midst.

We solicit your patronage. dec21-d3w

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SLATE ROOFS put up in any part of the South with utmost dispatch. All work done at the lowest rates and in the best manner.

Jobbing of all kinds promptly attended to.

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ASK for no other, take no other, and you will save time, health and money.

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DR. RICHAU'S GOLDEN BALSAM No. 1 cures Ulcers, Ulcerated Sore Throat and Mouth, Sore Eyes, Cutaneous or Skin Eruptions, Copper Colored Blotches, Soreness of the Scalp, Scrofula, &c.; is the greatest Renovator, Alterative and Blood Purifier known, removes all diseases from the system, and leaves the blood pure and healthy.

DR. RICHAU'S GOLDEN BALSAM No. 2 cures Mercurial Affections, Rheumatism in all its forms, whether from Mercury or other causes; gives immediate relief in all cases. No dieting necessary. I have thousands of Certificates proving the miraculous cures effected by these Remedies. PRICE of either No. 1 or No. 2, $2.00 per bottle, or two bottles for $3.00.

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On receipt of price, these remedies will be shipped to any place. Prompt attention paid to all correspondents. None genuine without the name of "Dr. RICHAU'S GOLDEN REMEDIES, D. RICHARDS, sole Proprietor," blown in glass of bottles. Address

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THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.
THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.
DEFIES REPUTATION.
BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.
I. W. AVERY, Editor.
MORNING EDITION.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JANUARY 4.

Don't Leave Georgia.

It is with deep regret that we have observed on the part of our farmers a disposition to leave Georgia for the far West. The spirit is not confined to our State, but seems to prevail in all of the Southern States.

We utter a pleading remonstrance against it. It is true that our political condition is not what we wish it to be, and it is also true that the prosperity of our people will never get progressive to its full speed until we get politically stable. But we do contend that there has been nothing to warrant our citizens in looking for better things elsewhere, or in giving up the chances Georgia presents now and hereafter for individual wealth and State greatness.

Ever since the war, the Southern people have been as it were, bitten with the tarantula of migration and change. Dissatisfied with their injured homes, they have not realized that all the places in the South and West were nearly in the same condition. In most cases emigrants give up homes and the certainty of a living among their friends for the uncertainties of a struggle for bread among strangers and in a strange place. They sell out their household effects at a great sacrifice, and supply themselves where they are going at a high cost. They spend large amounts of money moving, that if used at home to extend their business, or improve their place would bring a heavy practical return.

They sacrifice their lands or leave them idle and unprofitable. They, in many cases, find that they have not bettered their condition, that they have left congenial neighborhoods and comfortable homes for rough places and wild society, that they have renounced good living for hard and cheerless toil, that they have deprived their children of educational advantages, and that they must drag out an unpleasant existence or return to their old homes. In ordinary cases they have not the means to return, and are compelled to stay where they are. Having sold out everything and spent the money in moving, they are at the end of the row, and must remain, because unable to get away.

Let our citizens look well to it before they leave Georgia. Our State presents every advantage to the immigrant. We have every variety of resource, and element of wealth. It is netted with railroads, and more are building. Lands are advancing daily. New enterprises are springing up. The attention of capitalists is being directed to our prodigious resources. Why leave then?

Take Texas. There are few railroads. The society in the interior is rude. That State does not present one half the attractions that Georgia does, in any respect. Of those who have gone there from Georgia, many who are able to return come back. Those who can return but don't, are restrained by pride. But the great mass get out there, find their money gone, and longing for Georgia are forever cut off from seeing the dear old State again.

The writer has been over the Western country, and critically examined much of it, besides extending his enquiries to every possible point, and he saw no Western State that he thought equal to Georgia.

We again appeal to our farmers to look well before going. If the spirit of wandering seizes you, and you think you must go, leave your families, try it alone for a year, and then come home, and compare what you have experienced with what you have, and nine cases out of ten, you will decide that the home you have in Georgia, is far better than any you can build up in the West in years.

Late News.

A new feature of the New Year's receptions of the Cabinet officers in Washington, was the exclusion of liquor.

It is proposed to organize a Customs Bureau in the United States Treasury Department.

The Internal Revenue receipts of the last six months of 1868, were $70,587,282; of 1869, $85,554,030.

All lottery and gift mail matter in the New York Post-office is hereafter to be returned to the dead letter department. This is the Government plan to break up the business.

Judge Richardson, Assistant Treasurer of the United States, refuses to withdraw his resignation, though urged by Grant to do so, and though promised an increase of salary. This officer can't be a Radical. Such conduct is wholly inconsistent with Radical principles.

Portugal and Great Britain have chosen President Grant as an umpire to decide who is entitled to the Island of Bolaund on the western coast of Africa.

Cincinnati had last year 3,408 new law suits; 2,478 marriage licenses; 6,154 births 6,512 deaths; 4,663 deeds; 3,499 mortgages; 712 new houses; and delivered through the Post-office $8,371,000 letters.

Private dispatches to Washington from Cuba, represent the Cuban cause growing daily weaker.

The debt of Boston is $23,433,939 an increase of $5,000,000 in a year. But the increase of means on hand to meet the debt makes a net increase of $3,000,000.

Over 55,690 emigrants passed through Columbus, Ohio, last year, going West; an increase of 3,076. Only 3,733 stopped in Ohio.

The Hudson river is reported dammed with ice. The Radicals won't have the luxury of ice. They will be d——d in a hotter way.

"Historicus," in the London Times, assails Secretary Fish's letter on the Alabama claims.

A Mr. Asbury, of England, and young Bennett, are to have a yacht race.

The French Minister, Mr. Ollivier, has formed the French Ministry as follows: Minister of the Interior, M. Gueranire; of Foreign Affairs, M. Billant; of Justice, M. Richard; of the Public Works, M. Duvernois; of Commerce, Bourbeau; of Instruction, M. Farin; President of the Council, M. Mager; Minister of Fine Arts, M. Vaillant—as well Labauche, Rigault, and Genaseilly retain their respective portfolios.

A fearful gale occurred in Irelaud, blowing away houses and killing people.

Wm. Cook, United States Vice Consul, at Glasgow, has been sentenced to seven years imprisonment for forgery. This fellow would make a fine Radical Provisional Governor, or Congressman, or something else big, politically.

A Miss Batham, in Wheeling, Va., called on her seducer, Mr. McNash, who had promised to marry her, and demanded him to splice. He refused, and she shot him mortally.

The Spaniards are treating Cuban citizens with barbarous cruelty.

Pendleton made a railroad speech on the 29th ult., in Paris, Ky.

PUBLIC LANDS.

The Interior Department states the estimated number of acres of public lands unsold and unappropriated, after deducting all disposals, as far as reported, is as follows: Florida, 17,328,496 acres; Alabama, 6,496,874; Mississippi, 4,728,514; Louisiana, 6,486,903; Missouri, 1,181,672; Arkansas, 11,307,077; total, 47,479,619. As to Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Texas, Kentucky and Tennessee, there are no public lands within their limits.

The President has announced his intention to appoint a Southern man to Judge Wayne's place on the Supreme bench.

Russia has bought 200,000 American rifles and ordered 100,000.

The small-pox is in New York.

The annual report of the New York Board of Health, shows that 30,000 tenements have been occupied by 500,000 people.

Chicago, last year, manufactured $58,000,000 of goods against $53,000,000 the year before; received $54,052,000 goods against $397,552,000 the year before; wholesaled $358,936,530 against $349,189,760 the year before; net incomes $73,500,000; total daily and weekly papers, 37,194,000 sheets; built 3,423 houses, against 4,410 the year before.

Large quantities of wheat have been received in England from America.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH, ATLANTA, GA., January 1, 1870.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 1.—In obedience to General Orders, No. 83, War Department, December 24, 1869, and to the Order of the President of the United States therein contained, the undersigned, in addition to his duties as Commander of the Department of the South, hereby assumes the duties of Commanding General of the District of Georgia. ALFRED H. TERRY,
Brevet Major General Commanding.
OFFICIAL:
R. P. HUGHES, Capt. and Brevt. Maj., U. S. A., A. D. C., and A. A. A. G.

OUR AUGUSTA LETTER.

Personnel of the Augusta Press—Baltimore School System—Apprentice Boys—An Original Idea.

AUGUSTA, GA., Jan. 1, 1870.

Dear Constitution: Only two daily newspapers flourish in Augusta at this time. Both are "old established," and both ably managed and edited.

The Chronicle and Sentinel, under the guidance of Gen. Wright, Col. Moore, Mr. P. Walsh and Mr. Gregg Wright, has attained to a very large circulation. Judging from the tone of the editorials, Gen. W. does the heavy political writing. He wields a trenchant pen. He daily demonstrates the fact that he has a very keen appreciation of the situation, and finds language sufficiently strong to impress even the most casual reader with his views. The General is up in agricultural and other matters of internal improvement. Mr. Moore is well and favorably known as an editor of very decided parts. Mr. Walsh is better noted for his excellent common sense and business qualifications than for brilliancy in writing, though he knows how to think and write too, albeit his chirography may sometimes perplex compositors. Mr. Gregg Wright does the "local" work. He is up in all the "parts and presents," as you must have observed, a daily, and an interesting, account of local events. He is, with good health, destined for an eminent position on the tripod.

THE CONSTITUTIONALIST.

That name recalls the forms of Gardner, Smythe, Barnes, Cleveland, Pritchard and Butcher—gentlemen who have made, and are still making, good marks. And alive save Pritchard. Cleveland is with the Appletons, and Butcher is doing battle for the right, down in Texas. Mr. James R. Randall fills the editorial chair at present. He is an inimitable writer and thinker. His leaders are "all of strength. He pursued shot into what is called reconstruction in the way of his pithy and original paragraphs. Mr. J. W. Call conducts the local side. He is ubiquitous, wields a *facile* pen and keeps his readers well posted.

I am in receipt of the XIIth annual report of the Board of Commissioners of the Baltimore Public Schools. Mr. Wm. R. Creery, the Superintendent, gives a concise and able report on the condition of the schools. There are 120 schools in operation, 555 teachers, and 22,771 pupils on the rolls. The amount of salaries is greater than in 1867, and the current expenses of 1868, $15,500 less than for 1867.

Ten primary schools for colored youth, were organized, and are now under way, supervised by the Board Educational Superintendent. Under the school law of 1868, all school taxes paid by colored people are devoted to the support of their schools. And the colored people are pleased with the whole arrangement.

The expenses for the year 1869, which closed yesterday, were about $611,000.

The system embraces Primary, Grammar and High Schools, all of which are capped by a very fine City College. Peabody testimonials are liberally distributed among the pupils. And the testimonials are well worth striving for. Baltimore has arranged to supply her schools with her own books. Salaries range from $100 to $2,700.

STRAY ITEMS

Union Springs, Ala., is moving in the work of establishing public schools. By the way, has it never occurred to our Statesmen, in devising plans whereby to secure desirable immigration to the State, that one of the first and very best inducements lies in a fine system of public instruction? This whole question of immigration is, of course, in the distance, and must remain there until our political troubles are finally and rightfully settled. But still the idea, Messrs. Editors, and see if it is not at least plausible.

APPRENTICE BOYS.

I was talking with a gentleman this morning on the general subject of education. He brought up this point, which struck me with considerable force. I think there is something good in it. The gentleman (Mr. J. W. Moore—a most affable railroad contractor) referred to the mechanical ways in which apprentice boys learn their trade. Every step is taken under the supervision and direction of the master, who makes out the work in verity and they follow, like machines, to accomplish it—having no idea as to the whys and wherefores. The generality of such boys grow up mere automatons—not thinkers, not inventors. Their deficient education literally obscures and completely enervates whatever of *inventive genius* they possess.

Railroad depots, etc., etc., are as necessary almost as the railroad itself. It is suggested that while these are being erected, or after they have been built, it would be wise in the authorities to add commodious rooms to be used as a school for apprentice boys. In this school, pupils would be practically instructed so as to have a due appreciation of their particular vocation, their intellectual faculties so developed as to lead to the happiest results.

Reflect for a moment on the custom which obtains of boys being put to learn a trade before they have mastered even the merest rudiments. There are exceptions, but follow the mass of those boys and you will find them working after a certain pattern and that is all. It is worthy of inquiry whether our enterprising railroad officials could not take the initiative in so desirable an undertaking. Educated workmen are the best, and the labor of all such is worth twice that of their opposites. Genius oft times comes to the help of men who were deprived of educational advantages, but we find that genius forces them, as the very first step toward success, to the careful cultivation of the intellect. It is work and live—live and work.

RALPH.

"BARKIS IS WILLING."—Mr. Hoar is reported as having said that if the Senate preferred to have him three years and a half in the Attorney General's office, instead of confirming him as a Justice of the Supreme Court, he was willing.

Mrs. Lucia G. Calhoun; correspondent of the New York Tribune, was married on Wednesday last to Mr. Cornelius Runkle, a lawyer of that city, the legal adviser and one of the stock-holders of the same journal.

Lost Women.

THE "SOCIAL EVIL" SENSIBLY CONSIDERED.

With all their vagaries and absurdities, it must be admitted that the "strong minded" women sometimes say things well worthy to be read and pondered. Read this from a speech of Mrs. Burleigh, at the Woman's Suffrage Convention, in New Jersey: "My friends, has it ever occurred to you what a commentary upon our civilization are these lost women and the attitude of society toward them? A little child strays from the home inclosure, and a whole community is on the alert to find the wanderer and restore it to its mother's arms. What rejoicings when it is found, what tearful sympathy, what heartiness of congratulation.

There are no harsh comments upon the poor, tired feet, be they never so miry, or reprimand for the soiled and torn garments, no lack of kisses for the tear-stained face. But let the child be grown to womanhood, let her be led from the inclosure of morality by the voice of affection, or driven from it by the strong scourge of want—what happens then? Do Christian men and women go in quest of her? Do they provide all possible help for her return, or if she returns of her own notion, do they receive her with such kindness and delicacy as secures her against wandering again? Far from it. At the first false step she is denounced as lost; lost, echo friends and relatives—we disown you; don't ever come near us to disgrace us. Lost, says society, indifferently. How bad these girls are! And lost—irretrievably lost!—is the prompt verdict of conventional morality, while one and all unite in bolting every door between her and respectability. 'Ah! will not these lost ones be required at our hands in the great Hereafter?'"

Personalgraphs.

The Sultan has sent the Pope a $5000 ring.

Louisa Muhlbach is dangerously sick of dropsy.

Eugenie pays Abbe Bauer, her pet preacher, $12,000 yearly out of her private purse.

Among the galley slaves at the Bagne of Toulon are four bank cashiers.

"Brick" Pomeroy's sobriquet was given him in 1857, by George D. Prentice, of the Louisville Courier.

William Cullen Bryant is building a splendid home at Roslyn for his son-in-law, Park Godwine.

During her career as a painter of animals, Miss Rosa Bonheur received for her paintings upwards of 750,000f.

The Prince Imperial is to take part in the French Cabinet councils after the 1st of January. This young gentleman will be fourteen next birthday.

HYMENEAL.

HOWARD—GRAVES.—At Tuskegee, Ala., on December 30th, 1869, by Rev. W. T. Brantley, D. D., at the residence of the bride's brother-in-law, Col. Pinckard, A. G. HOWARD, Esq., to Miss KATIE GRAVES.

OBITUARY.

RICHARDS.—Died suddenly, on the 31st ult., Mrs. LOU S. RICHARDS, wife of J. J. Richards, of this city.

HOLLIDAY.—Died at Newnan, Ga., on the 13th of December last, Mr. JOSEPH B. HOLLIDAY, aged 42 years.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The friends and acquaintances of A. E. Marshall are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from the second Baptist Church at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS AS A MEDICINE AND BEVERAGE.—As a general beverage, a necessary corrector of water rendered impure by vegetable decomposition, or other causes, as Limestone, Sulphate of Copper, etc., the Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps is superior to every other alcoholic liquor preparation. Its purity and exemption from all grossly intoxicating properties, combined with its mildly stimulating and invigorating elements, establish it as the only alcoholic beverage in our country that can be imbibed with pleasure and safety. The nervous torpor and debility which follow the administration of other alcoholic preparations and mixtures of the day, succeeded by their intense and painful nervous reactions, are unknown as the subsequent effects of the Schiedam Schnapps, even when taken so freely as while as a *Stomachic, a Tonic Appetiser*. It stands pre-eminent among the established curatives of the day.

A public trial of twenty years' duration, in every section of our country, of the Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps; its unsolicited indorsement by the medical faculty, and a sale unequaled by any other alcoholic distillation, have insured for it the reputation of purity and salubrity claimed for it by the proprietor on its original introduction to the public.

Put up in quart and pint bottles, hand somely wrapped in yellow paper.

For sale by all druggists, apothecaries and grocers in the United States.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S ESTATE,
Sole Importers and Proprietors,
No 22 Beaver St., New York.
Redwine & Fox, Agents, Atlanta.
oct13—d3m.

New Advertisments.

G. W. ADAIR'S
AUCTION SALES FOR ADMINISTRATOR
TO-DAY.

1ST. The Lawshe Property, at the City Hall, 10½ o'clock, as per plats. Terms 8, cash; 8 in six months; 6 in twelve months.

2D. Rides Property, on the premises at 40 o'clock, on Loyd street, adjoining to Washington Hall. Terms Cash.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
No. 38 Alabama street, next door to Express Office.
jan1-d1t

BROAD STREET STORES TO RENT.

I WILL rent until 1st October, 1870, three new and well finished Stores, with cellars, in R. M. Clarke's Building, on Broad Street.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
jan4-d1t No. 38 Alabama Street.

LIVERPOOL SALT.

10,000 SACKS Liverpool Salt, full weight, in prime order, for sale by
J. M. & J. C. ALEXANDER.
jan4 dtf

WANTED.

A MULE and Wagon. I want a medium sized mule and a single horse wagon. Also, 10 hands to Split rails. Apply to
JOHN S. PRATHER.
jan4-d3t

COUNTRY FARMS NEAR ATLANTA.

HAVING continued applications for small Farms near Atlanta, I have decided to have a regular land sale of Farms and Wild Lands every Saturday in my Large Office Room on Alabama street, at eleven o'clock, A. M. Parties desiring to sell their Farms, please call with their Title Papers and a correct description of Property, that I may have a map drawn and property advertised. I have County Maps and can correctly show any land in the State. This is the time of year when purchasers want new homes.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
jan4 13 wat No. 38 Alabama street.

DISSOLUTION.

THE co partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of B. F. Abbott & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. B. F. Abbott is authorised to receipt for all moneys due the old firm.

B. F. ABBOTT,
W. H. BROWN.
jan4-d2t

1870, ANNOUNCEMENT, 1870.

HAVING bought the entire Interest of my late partner, Mr. W. H. Brown, I take pleasure in announcing to my friends and patrons, that I will continue the Produce and Provision business at my new stand, on Mitchell street, a few doors from Whitehall. Having taken a Fire Proof Warehouse in a convenient part of the city, in connection with the store I now occupy, I can furnish ample Storage Accommodation for Grain, Hay, etc.

The attention of the trade is invited to a large stock of Flour in Barrels and Sacks. Bulk meats, Bacon, Lard, Corn, Oats, Hay, etc.

Very Respectfully,
B. F. ABBOTT,
Produce and Provision Dealer.

M'DONOUGH STREET
FEMALE SCHOOL.

THE First Term of the Fifth Annual Session of the McDonough Street Female School, will commence Wednesday, January 5th, 1870.

All the branches of the literal English Education are taught, with Latin, German, French, Music and Drawing.

MISS LAURA A. HAYGOOD,
Principal.
jan4-d6t

Special Notices.

JOHN D. POPE, ATTORNEY AT Law, Atlanta, Ga., Office Granite Block, Broad street. jan4-dlm

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Atlanta, Ga., January 1st, 1870.

ORDERED:

That Hon. Foster Blodgett be, and is hereby, appointed Superintendent of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, upon his giving bond and security in the sum of Twenty Thousand Dollars, and taking and subscribing the necessary oaths required by the law of this State.

RUFUS B. BULLOCK, Governor.

By the Governor:
R. P. LESTER,
Secretary of the Executive Department.
jan4-d3w1

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Atlanta, Ga., January 1st, 1870.

ORDERED:

That Isaac P. Harris, Esq., of the county of Newton, be, and he is hereby, appointed Treasurer of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, upon his giving bond and security in the sum of One Hundred Thousand Dollars, and taking and subscribing the necessary oaths required by the laws of this State.

RUFUS B. BULLOCK, Governor.

By the Governor:
R. P. LESTER,
Secretary of the Executive Department.
jan4 d3w1.

Pryor Street Theatre!
TWO NIGHTS ONLY.
MONDAY AND TUESDAY,
JANUARY 10TH AND 11TH.
THE ORIGINAL PEAK FAMILY!

SWISS BELL RINGERS!

The Largest and Oldest Troupe of Bell Ringers Extant!

VOCALISTS, HARPISTS, VIOLINISTS,
STAFF BELL PLAYERS,
AND SILVER CORNET BAND.

EVERYTHING NEW, BRILLIANT, ATTRACTIVE AND UNIQUE.

SINCE their first visit they have imported a new set of perfect toned Silver Bells, 120 in number, also, a new Staff of 36 Silver Bells, and a new double action Erard Harp. New Bell Music—new Staff Bell Solos—new Harp Solos—new Character Songs—new Band Music, and all the Popular Airs of the day.

Cards of Admission $1. Nothing extra for reserved seats. Tickets for sale at Phillips & Crew's Book Store. L. M. HARRIS, Business Agent.
jan4 d2t

FOR SALE,
A Snug Farm,

CONTAINING 65 Acres, only one mile from West End. Land lies well—soil good, has never failing stream of water running through it.

IMPROVEMENTS:

Three New Houses, and 61 Acres of the land enclosed.

It is favorably situated, and with proper attention, can be made a very valuable

MODEL FARM.

BELL & HAMMOCK,
Real Estate Agents,
Office First Floor, next door to James' Bank, Whitehall Street.
jan4-d6t

AUCTION SALES!

FIRST TUESDAY, JANUARY, 1870.

C. C. HAMMOCK, AUCTIONEER.

CAPITALISTS, Speculators, and Farmers generally, are specially invite to attend our Auction sales at the City Hall, in Atlanta, Ga., first Tuesday, 4th day of January, 1870. We will sell

1ST. THE CARROLL FARM—470 acres well improved—3 miles from Oxford, Newton county, Ga. Terms, half cash; balance 12 months, with interest.

2D. THE GRAHAM FARM—160 acres, only 1 mile from East Point, Ga., and 6 miles from Atlanta. Terms, half cash; balance 90 days, with interest.

3RD. THE YATES FARM—170 acres, on right of way Macon and Western Railroad, 8 miles from Atlanta, in good Farming Land, well timbered. Terms cash.

4TH. ONE BUGGY AND HARNESS, for Coach.

BELL & HAMMOCK,
Real Estate Agents,
Office, first floor, next door to James' Bank,
jan4-d1t Whitehall street.

Fulton Sheriff's Sales for February 1870.

WILL be sold before the Court House door in the City of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga., on the first Tuesday in February next, within the lawful hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

Also, one brick kiln of burnt brick on Brick Yard, west side of Atlanta, and near Paul Lynch's Rock Quarry, said kiln has fifteen eyes, and contains one hundred and ten thousand brick, more or less, levied on as the property of Wm H Morgan by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of Elbert J. Dean vs Wm H Morgan. Property pointed out by Sidney H. Ladd's attorney, and in said fi fa, December 28, 1869.

Also, at the same time and place, the south half of land lot No 136, in the 7th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga., containing one hundred and seven acres of land, more or less, bounded on the north by C W Hunnicutt's land; on the west by A Bellingrath; on the south by J C McMillan; on the east by Hiram Embry. Said land is now occupied by Joseph Black and the widow Ramey; 75 acres of which is cleared, balance, 70 or 72 acres, is very well timbered. Levied on as the property of Williamson L Ragsdale, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton Superior court in favor of Mauris Ansley vs Williamson L Ragsdale. Said property sold to pay the purchase money. Property pointed out by plaintiff December 30, 1869.

Also, at the same time and place, M L Roberts' interest, being the undivided one-sixth of a certain lot, situated on the corner of Alabama and Broad streets, fronting 55 feet on Alabama, and running back 95 feet on Broad street, in the City of Atlanta. On said lot there is a two story brick building, occupied by the New Era Office. Also two one story buildings, occupied by Jutzen and others; the said undivided one-sixth interest in said property. Le ied on as the property of M L Roberts, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton County Court in favor of Cox & Hill vs M L Roberts. Property pointed out by Glenn & Son, plaintiff's attorneys, December 31, 1869.

Also, at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, Ga., fronting 70 feet on Foundry street, and running back 152 feet on Elliott street; the same being a parallelogram, being a part of land lot No 78, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga. Levied on as the property of James T. Lewis, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of Samuel H Hunter, administrator of John W Duncan vs James T Lewis. Property pointed out by W. T Newman, plaintiff's attorney, December 31, 1869.

Also, at the same time and place, a part of land lot No 33, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga. The part so levied on is in Ward 3, located on Fraser, Clarke and Martin streets, city of Atlanta, and is west of Dr. Thurgood's, containing 80 acres, more or less. Levied on as the property of Wm Solomon, to satisfy a State and County Tax fi fa for tax for the year 1868. Property pointed out by John M Harwell, T C, Dec 30, 1869.

Also, at the same time and place lots of land Nos 17, 18, 20, 21, 16 and 50 acres off of the east side of lot No 22, all in the 14th district of originally Fayette, now Fulton county, Ga; the above lots of land lot No 268, in the 17th district of originally Henry

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JANUARY 4

R. M. ROSE & Co.—Wholesale Dealers in pure Wines and Liquors, Atlanta, Ga.

OUR JOB OFFICE.—With *new type, improved presses*, and skilled workmen, we are prepared to execute Job Work in a *superior manner* as prices sure *to suit* at THE CONSTITUTION Job Office. All we ask is a trial.

Index to New Advertisements.

The Swiss Bell Ringers—Pryor Street Theater.
Dissolution—F. M. Jack & Co.
Sheriff Sales of Fulton County—W. L. Hubbard.
McDonough Street Female School—Miss J. A. Haygood.
Cherokee High School—J. A. Carswell.
A Snug Farm For Sale—Bell & Hammond.
Exemption Personality David A. Cook—Ordinary.
Exemption Personality J. R. Brannon—Ordinary.
Mule and Wagon Wanted—J. S. Prath.
Attorney at Law—John D. Pope.
Broad Street Stores to Rent—G. W. Adair.
Administrator's Sales To-day—G. W. Adair.
Country Farms near Atlanta—G. W. Adair.
Dissolution—Abbott & Brown.
Announcement for 1870—B. F. Abbott.
Liverpool Salt—J. M. & J. C. Alexander.
A Good Chance for Parents—Pay for J. A. Richardson.
Executive Orders—Rufus B. Bullock, Governor.
Exemption Personality Walter Scruggs—Justice T. Lumpkin.

IN DEMAND.—Fodder, shucks and clover hay are in demand, and but little in market.

AUCTION SALES.—Col. Ayer advertises some valuable property for sale. See advertisements in this morning's paper.

SHERIFF SALES.—To-day is Sheriff sale day. Read over advertising notice for particulars.

COL. E. HULBERT.—We learn that Col. E. Hulbert has taken rooms at Granite Block, over the former lottery office, where he will be pleased to see his friends.

HOMICIDE.—Last night, about nine o'clock, Mr. John Dowdy, barkeeper at the Atlanta bear garden, Marietta street, was shot and instantly killed, by an unknown party, who succeeded in making his es[illegible].

JOHN ELLSWORTH.—We are pleased to learn that our clever pal, John Ellsworth, was not mortally wounded by the explosion of the engine Choctaw, on Saturday last, near Dalton. The engineer who was wrecked, we understand, was a Mr. Edwards.

MULES.—During the month of December, 4,300 head of mules were received here, and during the year '69, 16,770 head were fed here. Prices average per head. Taking $180 as a fair average, when the sum paid out for these mules will reach the sum of $1,816,890.

ECLIPSES.—During the present year there will be four eclipse of the Sun and two of the Moon. The first is a total eclipse of the Moon, on January 19, invisible in the United States. The second, a partial eclipse of the Sun, on January 31st, invisible here.

STONE & MURRAY'S CIRCUS.—No Circus in the United States has a better reputation than the above. The proprietors are fortunate in procuring the valuable services of such an agent as Mr. HUGH. A great deal of their success is due to his efficiency in planning the different routes and selection of places for exhibition.

CHIEF JUSTICE JOSEPH E. BROWN.—Rumors were thick upon the street yesterday, that Chief Justice Joseph E. Brown would soon tender his resignation. We could not trace the rumor to any reliable source. Chief Justice Brown is now at his farm in Gordon county, and will be absent until the Tuesday.

A GRAND-DAUGHTER OF EX-PRESIDENT TYLER MARRIED.—During the latter part of last month Miss Priscilla Cooper Tyler, daughter of Col. Robert Tyler, of Montgomery, Ala., and grand-daughter of Ex President Tyler, was married to Capt. Ally H. Goodwyn. May their barque sail over a smooth sea and be attended by a Good wind!

PREMIUM FOR COTTON.—Dr. Henry J. Holmes offers premiums of $100 for the best stalks of Holmes' Early Prolific Cotton exhibited at the State Fair in Atlanta next October; $50 for the best stalk; $25 for the second best; a silver pitcher for the third best. We hope to see Dr. Holmes' example imitated by others. What say our producing dealers to offering special premiums?

JOHN J. ROGERS.—Our John Rogers, familiarly known as "Pen Bolt"—late a compositor in The Constitution office, has gone back on his high calling. On Saturday, he accepted a position as Messenger for the Southern Express Company. We feel confident that John will make a popular Messenger. Success to him.

A GOOD MOVEMENT.—Many of the leading merchants on Whitehall and Alabama streets, are petitioning the Post-office Department, to make Mr. W. T. Watters, of this city, a sworn and bonded officer, to receive and deliver their mail matter, each firm paying him one dollar per month for per coming this service. We think the movement a good one. Mr. Watters is highly recommended for capacity and integrity.

BRAIN LABOR.—The National Intelligencer, truly says: "The intellectual class can neither fix the prices of their services nor command their hours of labor, nor limit them, nor enforce them." Is he who labors with the pick any better than he who labors with his pen? Labor is labor, whether physical or mental. And if one class find it advantageous to combine for their own weal and progress, why not the other?

A HANDSOME TESTIMONIAL.—The four railroads centering in this city presented on New Year's Day, a handsome Gold Watch to Policeman Tim C. Murphy, for efficient services. The Watch cost about $150, and is a fitting tribute of esteem to a worthy officer. The Watch bears an inscription on the inside: "Presented by the Railroads Centering in Atlanta, to Policeman Tim C. Murphy, for efficient services, January 1, 1870."

PACKARD'S MONTHLY.—The January number of the above sterling magazine, a new and enlarged series. Oliver Dyer's account of "The Bucket Shops of New York," and R. H. Newell's paper on "Adth Isaacs Menken" are the most striking articles in it. The variety and style of the matter in the present number surpasses all of its predecessors. Packard's Monthly has already achieved a high reputation for literary merit, and we are confident will more than sustain it.

A GOOD EXAMPLE.—A gentleman in this city who has been identified with the temperance movement for the last twelve or fifteen years, has a son about seven or eight years of age. A few days ago the lad not long since what he was going to be when he got to be a man. The little boy replied with animation, "I'll be a temperance man, like my father. I'm almost old enough to join them now." The father feels more highly complimented by that incident than any words of praise from others. If you would train up your child in the way he should go, go in that way yourself.

THE CHEROKEE ADVERTISER.—We had the pleasure of a call yesterday evening, from our friend of yore, W. M. Meeks Editor and Publisher of the Cherokee Advertiser, published at Center, Ala. It is neatly printed and well filled with matter. We are gratified to learn of its prosperous condition. This part of Alabama obtains its supplies more or less from this section, and as Mr. Meeks will call on our merchants in the interest of his paper, we suggest the propriety of an introduction to his readers through that paper.

O. R. JONES.—Sixteen years ago, Oliver H. Jones commenced business in this city, under age and penniless. By strict attention to business and remarkable tact he has established a reputation throughout the South and West. He is now one of the largest stock dealers, perhaps, in Georgia. Of the 20,000 mules bought here last year, he owned about 1,100 of them. He owns a pretty fair share of Real Estate, and is doing a fine business at his Stable. He has three fine pair of horses in his Stable that he holds at $3,800. He [illegible] $1,200 for one pair of them.

AN IMPORTANT ENTERPRISE.—The Oakley Mills Fertilizing Company are largely engaged in the manufacture of superphosphate of raw bone and pure dissolved bone, in Atlanta. These fertilizers are not new and untried; on the contrary, they have been used with success, and become popular with the planting public. The bone flour and dissolved bone are superior, articles; all that the Company desires, is a trial of them. They are also preparing Dickson's Compound, from the formula furnished them by Mr. Dickson himself, which they warrant of the purest and best quality.

The planting season will soon be on and those in want of bone flour should call at Glenn & Wright's warehouse and get that manufactured by the Oakley Company. Build up home enterprise, especially when the article turned out is superior.

THE STATE ROAD OFFICERS.—Governor Brown has proclaimed Blodgett Superintendent of the State Road, and that individual has entered upon the duties of that position. Governor Brown has by proclamation appointed Mr. Isaac Harris son of Senator John Harris, of Newton county, Treasurer. This is a change from the original slate, as Stallings has been here for several days. It is thought that the appointment is due to the suggestion of Senator John Harris, a candidate for President of the Senate. Senator Harris came up yesterday and said that his son had not yet accepted the position. A. L. Harris is filling Major Walker's seat as Master of Transportation, though not officially proclaimed. The offices of Master of Transportation and Superintendent have been merged together. Harris is large enough to divide into two more officers. James Mullen takes Flynn's position as Master Machinist, though not proclaimed. All was quiet at the State depot yesterday.

PLANT CORN.—As the time for making preparation for the crop of 1870 is at hand, we would earnestly urge upon our planting friends to prepare for a large corn crop. Plow deep, pulverize the soil, and manure plentifully. Put all the barn-yard manure you can on your land, and use fertilizers judiciously. With your cribs full of corn, you can have fat horses and fat cattle. We would not discourage cotton planting. Rather than discourage it, we would encourage it by recommending planters to imitate the example of Bancroft and Lockett, and raise three bales to the acre, instead of one bale to three or four acres. But make the corn crop the primary and cotton the secondary crop. Corn is life and independence; corn is safety. Plant largely of corn and forage crops.

We would also urge our farmers to cultivate the Chinese sugar cane and broom corn. Atlanta, this fall, will be prepared to convert all the first into superior syrup and sugar, and the latter into brooms.

MORTUARY REPORT.—In the subjoined report will be found the list of interments in the city of Atlanta, for the month of December, 1869:

Whites, 14; colored 28. Total 42. Of these, whites over ten years, 4; of these, whites under ten years, 10; of these colored over ten years 10; of these colored under ten years 18. White paupers 3; colored paupers 21.

A comparative exhibit of the Mortuary Record of the respective quarters, comparing the municipal year, may not be void of interest.

DEATHS.					
1st qr.	whites, 31	Colored 40	Total'...71
2d "	" 49	" 75	" 124
3d "	" 101	" 100	" 201
4th "	" 59	" 76	" 133

The list of mortality for the four years that have passed since the close of the war, is here reproduced.

DEATHS.			
1866 whites 311	Colored 379	Total	690
1867 " 213	" 272	"	485
1868 " 176	" 205	"	381
1869 " 238	" 291	"	529

It may be proper to state that within a period of four years, the city has had an accession of about 15,000 inhabitants, the knowledge of which fact will serve, to some extent, to account for the increased number of deaths. During the years 1866 and 1867, the victims of small-pox contributed a large percentage to the lists of city interments.

Atlanta being the point of intersection of a number of railroads, in order to arrive at an approximate estimate of the true sanitary condition of the city, due allowance must be made for invalids, who being *in transitu*, not unfrequently find a place in our mortuary reports, in the act of making a temporary sojourn here, in order to rest or recover from the effects of fatigue or exhaustion incident to travel. J. N. SIMMONS,
Chairman Board of Health.

A ROME SKATIST ON SKATING.—The incorrigible Grady of the Rome Courier visited the Atlanta Skating Rink, and thus details his stern experience of its exhilarating delights. But he has a higher appreciation of angelic idleness. Hear him:

We got on our skates and the next instant we got on the floor. Our left foot sought to hide its little sole in the pocket of a bystander. Our right pedestal employed itself assiduously in accumulating a pile of wrecked humanity at our side. One hand wandered insanely over the form of a split damsel beside us, and the other wallowed in gore that flowed from its own palm. We rocked back gently to our original position and stood firmly on our feet for one second, when we again sternly kissed the floor and sat pale but tranquil, ruminating upon the uncertainty of human calculation and the aroliness of the pretty-feeted women that scudded tauntingly by us.

However, we like skating. Our only objection is that it is such violent exercise and that it is so spasmodically applied. We became quite an adept in falling easy before we left, and will be as good at it as George Sasseen, if we try it a few more times.

Among the notabilities at the rink we observed Col George Hillyer, scudding under full press of canvas, skating as he did everything else, with ravenous energy, that will, in a short time, either crack his skull or put him alongside the unutterable Fontons, his brother and junior partner, scarcely his inferior in any particular, came drifting along with poetic undulations like a swan upon the swelling billow, Mr. Hemphill, the able proprietor of THE CONSTITUTION, upon a pair of fluent legs, executed the most impressive gyrations with sublime carelessness, and floated around the ladies in the most eloquent ease. Messrs. Yancey, of the *Intelligencer*, and Anderson, of THE CONSTITUTION—the matchless Lotharios of the Gate-City—evidenced by their evolutions considerable capability, and much latent skatorial possibility. Their legs, though comely and muscular, are not well enough educated. They will be much better in a year or so.

The ladies, of course, looked—all right.

A woman on skates is a woman in the climax of perfection, and as they rolled around the rink with the grace of houris, we devoutly thanked Providence for the gift of skates and women."

Local and Business Notices.

FINE Bed-room, Parlor Furniture and Side-boards at cost for next thirty days, at Chastaine & Fox's, Broad street.
Jan4 dtf

BOARD.—See Prof. Richardson's card to parents who wish to send their boys to Boarding School.

NEW YEAR PRESENTS.—Chamberlin, Boynton Co. have magnificent and valuable presents for the new year. Call and see them. They are able to do what they say.
jan1-d3t

THE Ledger, Weekly, Saturday Night, delivered at the store of Phillips & Crew, for 75 cents each, three months.
dec31-d1w

LARGE stock old and new bacon, choice new smoked hams, lard in all sorts of packages, bulk meats, 5,000 bushels corn, 2,000 bushels oats, rye, malt, hay, flour, groceries, feed meal, etc. We wish to sell the entire stock within twenty days.
A. K. SEAGO.
dec31-d6t Wholesale Merchant.

SUBSCRIBE for Hanleiter's Atlanta Directory now, and get your name in *bold type*.
nov14-dtf

WANTED.—A good Book-Binder. Apply at once for steady situation and good wages to W. R. HANLEITER.
dec14-tf

ONE room of the Rourk Corner for rent. One of the best business stands in Atlanta.
dec28-dtf W. H. BROTHERTON.

MAGAZINES, Music, Law Books, etc., bound, and old books re-bound quick and cheap, by Hanleiter. nov14-dtf

FURS! FURS! FURS!—In reach of every lady. Wm. Rich & Co., corner Whitehall, near Railroad crossing, have a large lot of Furs, which they sell very cheap.
dec23-d2w

WHY DO YOU COUGH? when it is in your power to relieve yourself; a few doses of DR. TUTT'S EXPECTORANT will cure you and allay the apprehensions of your friends; moreover, it is pleasant to take, it produces no nausea, and strengthens the lungs and throat to resist attacks in the future. Mothers need not dread the Croup when they have a bottle of this valuable compound on their mantlepiece.
dec21-d1w

CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS.—We are pleased to announce to the public that the large and extensive drug and chemical establishment of Messrs. Pemberton, Wilson, Taylor & Co., of this city, have just received a large invoice of the above celebrated Bitters, and are now offering to fill all orders for these meritorious Bitters, at the proprietor's prices.
dec30-d6t

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, January 3.—Hoar has returned.

McClellan has gone.

Cuban partisans here deny that the Junta urge the patriots to abandon the struggle.

It is understood that the President favors the ratification of the treaty for the purchase of St. Thomas and Samana.

The debt statement says the decrease of debt is nearly five millions. Coin in the Treasury one hundred and nine millions; currency, twelve and a quarter millions; other coin bearing securities, sixty-five millions; sinking fund, twenty-two and a half millions.

Nearly all the telegraphs northward are prostrated.

Still without advices of marine disasters.

Delano has ordered over a million blanks for income returns; weight of paper over seventeen tons. It is regarded unfavorable. It is hoped that there will be an early repeal of the income tax.

Revenue receipts to-day, nearly a million and a half.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 3.—The Supreme Court will hear the case of Schoppe, in error, on the first Monday in February.

Railroad travel hence, in all directions, has been resumed.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 3.—The operators of the Western Union Telegraph Company struck this morning. The cause is said to be the reduction of salaries in California.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Jan. 3.—The Senate has organized and elected a Republican Clerk and Democratic Sergeant-at-Arms.

The House has partially organized. Cunningham, the Reform candidate, from Cincinnati, for Speaker, received the entire Democratic vote, and was elected by casting his own vote for himself. The Democrats elected a clerk. The Republican Reformers from Hamilton county, vote steadily with the Democrats.

NEW ORLEANS, January 3.—Both branches of the Legislature met to-day. Nothing important done in the Senate. In the House, Speaker Lowell having resigned, Mortimer Carr, of the Parish of Orleans, was elected. The Governor's message will be delivered to-morrow.

Total gold receipts at the Custom House here for the past year, $4,899,000; previous year, $4,253,000; increase over last year $646,000.

The Republican states that J. J. Alston, agent of the Chicago Scandinavian Emigrant Society here, is contracting with the planters for a supply of two hundred laborers per week, of Norwegians, Danes, Germans, etc.

MOBILE, Jan. 3.—A destructive fire occurred here last night, at No. 7 North Front and No. 8 North Commerce streets, destroying the stores of Payne & Lardner, crockery dealers, and the cotton rooms of Watson, Irwin & Co., and J. Sheehan, liquor dealer; also damaging the stock of Gwin & Co., hardware dealers. Losses estimated as follows: Payne & Lardner, $18,000, including a large cargo of unopened goods—insured for $10,000; Watson, Irwin & Co., $3,000—insured for $1,900; Sheehan, $28,000—insured for $15,000. Other losses not known. The fire was caused by an incendiary.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Mayor Hall's address is brief. He predicts that the wealth, excise, police, fire, and water affairs will soon return to municipal control.

WILMINGTON, Jan. 3.—In the municipal election to-day the Republicans elected their ticket. A very small vote was cast.

ROME, Jan. 3.—Efforts to improve the acoustical properties of St. Peters failing, the Council will hereafter meet in Quirinal.

The Civitia Catholic, published here, has a long article on the relations of different nations of the world to the Council now in session in the city. It states that governments generally have neither favored nor hindered the Council, except Russia, which is schismatic, and prevented the Bishop of Poland, (who was not killed nor exiled to Siberia,) from being present to relate the misfortunes of that martyred country. Only one nation, France, has given proof of her solicitude in keeping a garrison here, to protect the tranquility of the Council.

MADRID, Jan. 3.—There have been several important conferences lately between Prim and Olozaga. It is rumored that ministerial changes are likely to result therefrom, in view of the prolongation of the Provisional Government.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The Times, in discussing the demise of the London Star and the Morning Herald, asserts that party organs are now obsolete.

Thomas Creswick, artist, is dead; aged 54.

PARIS, January 3.—Olivier's combination has been entirely broken up. It is reasserted that Dorn and Buffet of Left, and Talhonet and Segris of Right Centre will be called to the Cabinet.

Telegraphic Markets.

BALTIMORE, January 3.—Cotton firm at 25@25¼; offerings light. Flour steady and prices entirely unchanged. Wheat firm at 1.33@1.42. Corn active—white 80@90; yellow 90@93. Oats 53@56. Rye 1.00@1.05. Pork 31.00@32.00. Bacon shoulders 15. Lard 18½. Whisky scarce at 98@99. Virginias, old 41¾. North Carolinas, old 41 bid.

CINCINNATI, January 3.—Corn firm at 76@77. Whisky firm at 94@95; demand light. Provisions dull with little or no demand. Mess pork 29.00. Lard—kettle 17¼. Bacon—no inquiry.

NEW YORK, January 3.—Money very active at 7, currency to gold discounts 10@12. Sterling weaker, 8¾. Gold dull and heavy at 1.19@1.19¾. Bonds quiet. Southern bonds quiet and steady. Cotton quiet at 25½. Flour quiet—common to fair extra Southern 5.55@6.00. Wheat heavy, 1@2c lower—Winter red Western 1.35. Corn dull, irregular and unsettled—mixed Western, old, 1.10@1.14. Mess pork heavy—new 29.50@30.00. Lard drooping—kettle 18@18¾. Groceries dull. Turpentine 43@44. Rosin 2.50@8.00. Freights quiet.

NEW ORLEANS, January 3.—Cotton active and firmer at 24½@24¾; sales 7,400 bales; receipts 16,680 bales; exports to St. Sebastian, 600 bales. Flour firm—superfine 5.25@5.75; 6.00@6.25. Corn firmer—ordinary 90; choice 95. Oats firm—St. Louis 70. Bran 1.15. Hay quiet—prime 24.00; choice 28.00. Pork dull—mess 30.00. Bacon dull and nominally 14½@15@15¾. Lard—tierce 19c; keg 19½@20. Sugar cured hams 25; Sugar dull at 12@12½. Molasses—prime 68@70. Whisky 95@1.00. Coffee—fair 14½@14¾; prime 17¼@17½. Gold 1.20. Sterling Exchange 20½. New York Sight Exchange ¼c discount.

MOBILE, January 3.—Cotton in limited demand; market closed quiet; middlings 23¾@24; sales 1,000 bales; receipts 3,150 bales; exports 1,013 bales; receipts Saturday 1,328 bales.

AUGUSTA, January 3.—Cotton market dull and unchanged—middlings 23¼@23¾; sales 285 bales; receipts 210 bales.

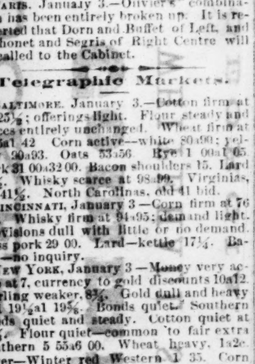
A light snow fell here to-day.

WILMINGTON, January 3.—Spirits turpentine ¼c better—39. Rosin quiet—strained 1.50. Crude turpentine steady at 1.65@2.80. Tar steady at 1.90. Cotton quiet.

CHARLESTON, January 3.—Cotton quiet but firm—middlings 24; sales 250 bales; receipts 1,081 bales; exports, coastwise, 731 bales.

SAVANNAH, January 3.—Cotton in good demand—middlings 24¼; sales 2,518 bales; exports 2,777 bales.

FEMALE REGULATOR.



FEMALE REGULATOR,
$1.50 per Bot.

Latest Market Reports.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

OFFICE OF THE DAILY CONSTITUTION,
MONDAY EVENING, Jan. 3, 1870.

Cotton Market.

Market quiet at 22½. Receipts for the week very light.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

Atlanta Financial Market.

Exchange on New York buying at ¼c off, selling at par. Gold, buying at 1.19 selling, 1.22; Silver, buying, 1.15, selling 1.20; Gold Dust, buying 1.10, selling, 1.15; Bullion, buying 1.25, selling, 1.30. No change in quotations of stocks and uncurrent bills.

Georgia Bank Notes.

Georgia Railroad and Banking Company	@ 99
Central Railroad and Banking Company	@ 90
Marine Bank of Georgia	@ 95
Bank of Middle Georgia	@ 75
Bank of Athens	@ 40
Bank of Fulton	@ 35
Bank of Savannah	@ 45
City Bank of Augusta	@ 40
Bank of the State of Georgia	@ 30
Bank of Empire State	@ 10
Mechanics' and Planters' Bank	@ 65
Bank of Commerce	@ 65
Mechanics' Bank—Macon	@ 65
Union Bank	@ 60
Merchants' Bank	@ 20
Planters' Bank	@ 20
Augusta Savings Bank	@ 14
Northwestern Bank	@ 10
Timber Cutters' Bank	@ 00

South Carolina Bank Notes.

Bank of South Carolina	@ 97
Union Bank	@ 93
Peoples' Bank	@ 73
Bank of Newberry	@ 85
Bank of Charleston	@ 85
Planters' and Mechanics' Bank	@ 85
Bank of Hamburg	@ 65
Bank of Camden	@ 45
Bank of Chester	@ 10
Bank of Georgetown	@ 13
Bank State of South Carolina, old	@ 40
Bank State of South Carolina, new	@ 10
Exchange Bank	@ 15
Southwestern Railroad, new	@ 65
State Bank	@ 16
Merchants' Bank	@ 05
City of Charleston notes	@ 90
Planters' Bank of Fairfield	@ 04
Carolina Treasury Notes	@ 15

Bonds and Stocks.

Pensacola and Georgia Railroad Bonds, 5's	@ 90
Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Bonds	@ 87
Mont. and W. Pt. Bonds, 1st mortgage	@ 87
Mont. and W. Pt. Bonds, income	@ 70
Mont. and W. Pt. Bonds, Stock	@ 30
Macon and Western Railroad Stock	1.15@1.20
Macon and Augusta, endorsed	@ 95
Macon and Augusta, not endorsed	@ 95
Macon and Augusta Stock	@ 95
Muscogee Railroad Bonds	@ 96
Muscogee Railroad Stock	@ 97
Columbus 8's C. Bonds	@ 80
Georgia 6 per cent	@ 80
Georgia 7 per cent	@ 90
Georgia Coupons	@ 90
North Carolina 6 per cent	@ 35
South Carolina Coupons	@ 35
Tennessee 6 per cent	@ 50
Tennessee Coupons	@ 62
South Carolina Bonds, old	@ 62
South Carolina Bonds, new	@ 62
S. C. Railroad Bonds, 6 per cent	@ 87
S. C. Railroad Bonds, 7 per cent	@ 87
Memphis and Charleston R. R. Bonds	@ 87
Georgia Railroad Bonds	98@1 00
Georgia Railroad Stock	1.00@1.03
Central Railroad Bonds	98@1 00
Central Railroad Stock	1.18@1 20
Southwestern Railroad Bonds	98@1 00
Southwestern Railroad Stock	95@ 98
Atlanta and Lagrange Railroad Stock	95 1 00
Augusta Bonds	@ 76
Atlanta Bonds, 8 per cent	83@ 86
Macon Bonds	75@ 77
Columbus Bonds	80@ 82
Savannah Bonds	85@ 90

Grain Market.

New corn 1.28@1.30 shelled; 1.25@1.30 in the ear; no old in the market. Wheat may be quoted at 1.40@1.50 for prime red, and 1.50@1.60 for prime white. Oats are in fair demand at 80c; black, for seed, 85. Rye in good supply at 1.40.

Dried Fruit.

Peeled Peaches 10@12c; not peeled 5½@6c; Apples 4@5c.

Bacon Market.

The stock of bacon is exhausted, and quotations are nominal. Bulk meats, clear sides, 18; clear rib sides 17½; shoulders 14; hams 16@18. Lard, tierces, 19½@20; cans, 19@20. Hogs in good demand with light supply. Worth to-day 10½@10¾ gross; net 12½@13.

Flour Market.

Superfine per bbl, 6 00; extra 6.50@7.00; family 7.00@7.50; fancy 8.00@8.50.

Corn Feed.

Peas, none; pea meal, none; oil meal, 4.50@5.00 per bbl, 200 lbs; bran, 1.50 per 100 lbs; prime clover hay, 1.85@2.00 per 100 lbs. Kentucky Cow Feed, $1 per bushel.

Grocery Market.

Corn meal in fair demand at 1.30@1.35. Rice 9½@10c, tierces. Soap, 7@8c. Candles, adamantine, 17@18c; Tallow 12@15c. A. Sugar, 17c; Extra C, 16½; Yellow, C, 16; Brown, 15½@16. Rio Coffee, 22@25½. Beeswax, 33@34. Virginia salt, 2.25. Liverpool, 2.40@2.50. N. O. Syrup, 80@1.00. Molasses, barrels, 57½. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25. Starch 10. Extra State cheese, 20c; Factory, 21@22c; English dairy, 24c. Goshen butter 45c; Tennessee, 35c. Apples 5.00@7.00 per bbl.

Fertilizers.

Dickson's Compound, 66.66 per ton; Soluble Pacific 72.50; Acid Phosphate of Lime 52.50; Wilson's Ammoniated Sup. Phos. Lime, 65.00@70.00 cash, 75.00 time; Virginia Land Plaster 22.50; Baugh's Rawbone Sup. Phos. 70.00; Coe's Sup. Phos. 70.00; Ground Bone 65.00; Willingham Fertilizer 65.00 cash, 75.00 time; Wham's Rawbone Sup. Phos. 70.00 cash; Rutt's Challenge Sup. Phos. 75.00; Chesapeake Guano 75.00 cash, 85.00 time; Georgia Fertilizer 70.00 cash, 80.00 cash.

Tobacco Market.

Low grades, 60; Medium, 62½@70; Good medium, 70@80; Fine, 90@1.00; Choice, 1.25; Leaf, 25c.

Powder and Shot.

Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7.25; blasting, 5.25. Patent shot, per bag, 3.40; buck, 3.75.

Liquor Market.

Whisky, rectified, 1.25@1.50 as to proof; Bourbon 1.40@5.00; Robinson County, 2.00@3.00; Cognac Brandy, 1.50@12.00; St. Croix Rum, 4.00@6.00; Jamaica Rum, 4.00@6.00; Holland Gin, 1.50@5.00; Scotch, 3.50@4.00; Domestic Porter, 3.00.

Lime and Cement.

Cherokee lime, 50c per bushel; Chewackla, 60c. Hydraulic cement, 5.00 per barrel, James River 4.50 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6.00 per barrel.

Lumber Market.

All classes of framing lumber bring readily 20.00 per M; all plank (green) 22.50 per M; weather boarding, 22.50; flooring, tongued and grooved, 32.50; shingles, pine, dressed, 3.00 per M; sawed, 5.75; cedar per M; white oak wagon timber, 30.00 per M; walnut, 80.00.

Leather and Hides.

White oak sole, 40@50; Hemlock, good, 34@35; damaged, 25@30. French calf skins, 35.00@60.00 per doz; American calf skins, 25.00@45.00; Harness leather, 45@50c; upper leather, 60@65c; sheep lining skins, (sheep), 1.50@1.60 per doz. Green hides Safe; dry, salted, 16@18c; dry flint, 18@20c.

Hardware Market.

We quote: Swedes iron, 8@9; horse shoe, 7@8; round and square, 5@10; City Mills bar, 5@6; Pittsburgh bar, 6; nail rod, 16@17; band, 7@8; Nails, 4s to 6s, 5.80; 8s, common, 7.00; 3s fine, 9.00. Plow steel, 12½@13; cast, 26@28c; German, 18@20.

Drugs and Dyes.

Bi-carb soda 7@8 per pound. Blue stone 18@20. Copperas 4@5. Epsom salts 6½@8. Madder 22@25. Opium 17.00@19.00 per pound. Alum, 8@10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8@10. Camphor, 1.20@1.40. Indigo, 1.30@1.60. Quinine, 2.75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12@20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6.00@6.50; pints, 3.50@3.75; per gal., 3.75@4.00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1.50@8.00; per gal., 1.45@3.50.

Oils and Paints.

Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1.30@1.35; do. boiled, 1.35@1.40. Sperm, 2.50@3.00; Whale 1.25@2.00; Tanners, 1.00@1.20; Kerosene 45@50c; Petro, 40; Copal Varnish, 2.75@4.00; Japan, 3.00@3.50; Coach, 5.00@6.00. White lead, per lb., 11½@15; do., pure, 16½.

Bagging and Rope.

India and Borneo bagging, 22@30c; Kentucky, 20@25. Machine made rope, 8½c; hand made, 8c.

Dry Goods Market.

Alcoa, 14; Sprague, 13; Pacific 13; Lancaster, 12; Wamsutta, 9; Amoskeag 12, Ticking, Pittsfield, 12; Croton, 12; Albany 12; Eastern B 18; Amoskeag D 23; Hamilton 23; Conestoga 4-4 30; Amoskeag A C A 40.

Factory Goods.

Brown Shirting, ¼, 12c; B. Shirting, ¾, 12c; Bleached shirting, ¾, 7½@11; Bleached shirting, ¾, 12@15c; Brown drills, 15½@16; Bleached Drills, 16; Stripes for 19c; Checks, 19@19½; Montour[illegible]burgs, 21; Troup, 23½@23; Yarns [illegible]

HERE AGAIN!

Stone and Murray's

CIRCUS!

WILL AGAIN EXHIBIT IN ATLANTA.

ON THURSDAY, JAN. 6, 1870,

For One Day Only!

Performances Day and Night.

Commencing at 2 and 7½ o'clock.

Admission 75 cts; Children under 10 years 50 cts.

Tickets will be for sale at Phillips & Crew's Book Store, five days in advance.

The announced Exhibitions will be characterized by the same degree of

Refinement and Elegance,

Which won for this Circus the reputation of giving the most

RESPECTABLE AND ATTRACTIVE

ENTERTAINMENTS

Presented to the public.

THE NEW PROGRAMME,

For the Return Exhibitions,

will comprise many

PHENOMENAL AND EXCITING FEATURES

Entirely original and Fresh, and

THE ACME OF GRACE AND DARING

—AND—

Brilliant Beyond Conception!

Bear in Mind, that in

Atlanta on Jan. 6, 1870,

The same Great Troupe

—OF—

Star Riders,

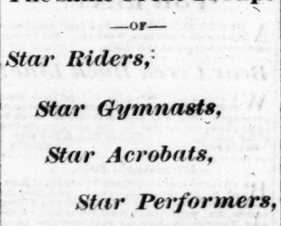
Star Gymnasts,

Star Acrobats,

Star Performers,

WILL APPEAR IN THEIR

Startling and Superb Feats.



Remember the Fact!

That this will be

THE LAST CHANCE

To witness the extraordinary performances of

STONE & MURRAY'S

STAR TROUPE!

ALSO, OBSERVE,

That this will be the only and last

FIRST CLASS EXHIBITION

That will visit Atlanta this winter.

Stone & Murray's Circus

WILL EXHIBIT IN

MARIETTA, WEDNESDAY, Jan. 5.
ATLANTA, THURSDAY, Jan. 6.
LaGRANGE, FRIDAY, Jan. 7.
NEWNAN, SATURDAY, Jan. 8.
BARNESVILLE, MONDAY, Jan. 10.
dec30-4th

Bull's Worm Destroyer.

To my United States and World-wide Readers.

I have received many testimonials from professional and medical men, as to my almanacs and various publications have shown, all of which are genuine. The following letter from a highly educated and popular physician in Georgia, is certainly one of the most sensible communications I have ever received. Dr. Clement knows exactly what he speaks of, and his testimony deserves to be written in letters of gold. Hear what the Doctor says of BULL'S WORM DESTROYER:

VILLANOW, Walker County, Ga., June 19, 1869.

DR JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: I have recently given your Worm Destroyer several trials, and find it wonderfully efficacious. It has not failed in a single instance to have the wished for effect. I am doing a pretty large country practice, and have daily need or some article of the kind. I am free to confess that I know of no remedy recommended by the oldest authors that is so certain and prompt in its effects. On the contrary, they are uncertain in the extreme. My object in writing you is to find out upon what terms I can get the invaluable article from you. If I can get it upon easy terms I shall use a great deal of it. I am aware that the use of such articles is contrary to the teachings and practice of a great majority of the regular faculty. But I care no just cause or good sense in discarding a remedy which we know to be efficacious, simply because we begin want of its combination. For my part, I shall make it a rule to use all and any means to alleviate suffering humanity which I may be able to command—not hesitating because someone more ingenious than myself may have learned the effects of, and secured the sole right to secure that knowledge. However, I am by no means an advocate or supporter of the thousands of worthless nostrums that flood the country, that purport to cure all manner of diseases to which human flesh is heir. Please reply soon, and inform me of your best terms. I am, sir, most respectfully,
JULIUS P. CLEMENT M. D

Bull's Sarsaparilla.

A Good Reason for the Captain's Faith.

READ THE CAPTAIN'S LETTER AND THE LETTER FROM HIS MOTHER.

BENTON BARRACK'S, Mo., April 30, 1866.

DR JOHN BULL.—Dear Sir: Knowing the efficiency of your Sarsaparilla, and the healing and beneficial qualities it possesses, I send you the following statement of my case.

I was wounded two years ago—was taken prisoner and confined for sixteen months. Being moved so often, my wounds have not healed yet. I have not set up a moment since I was wounded. I am shot through the hips. My general health is impaired, and I need something to assist nature. I have more faith in your Sarsaparilla than in anything else. I wish that that is genuine. Please express me half a dozen bottles, and oblige.
Capt. C. P. JOHNSON.
St. Louis, Mo.

P. S.—The following was written April 30, 1866, by Mrs. Jennie Johnson, mother of Captain Johnson:

DR. BULL—Dear Sir: My husband, Dr. C. S Johnson, was a skillful surgeon and physician in Central New York, where he died, leaving the above C. P. Johnson to my care. At thirteen years of age he had a chronic diarrhoea and scrofula, for which I gave him your Sarsaparilla. It CURED HIM. I have for ten years recommended it to many in New York, Ohio and Iowa, for scrofula, fever sores and general debility. Perfect success has attended it. The cures effected

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Boutwell sells one million of Gold and purchases one million of bonds on alternate weeks during January, on account of the sinking fund. He also sells one million gold and purchases two million bonds on alternate weeks, and alternating with sales and purchases on account of sinking fund for creating a special fund. The result of the month is the sale of four millions of gold and the purchase of six millions of bonds on both accounts. The Treasury will also anticipate the interest on coupons payable in sixty days from presentation upon rebate at six per cent.

A tremendous gale of wind has been blowing here all day.

HAVANA, Jan. 2.—Intense excitement prevails here, in consequence of an announcement in Havana journals this evening, that the revolution has terminated. According to the published statement, editors of journals here, have seen a copy of a circular signed by members of the Cuban Junta in New York, ordering the insurgents to lay down their arms for the present; giving as the reason for the abandonment of the insurrection, the failure of a recent filibustering expidition, and the inability of the Junta to send more men, and the further disheartening action of the American Government, in permitting the Spanish gunboats to sail from New York.

The circular severely attacks the course of Grant. The Junta advises the Cubans to submit to the Spaniards in order to save further bloodshed.

Voz de Cuba announces the surrender of fifteen hundred insurgents at Tunas.

The Diaro announces that ex-rebel General Coca, offers to raise a body of guerrillas to fight against the insurgents.

One Spanish gunboat arrived to-day, having become separated from its companions off Charleston; the rest are expected to arrive to-morrow.

A further announcement has been made from the interior, of bodies of insurgents offering to capitulate. If all the news is true, the revolution may be considered to be expiring, but full confirmation of it is wanting.

A fire to-night destroyed five houses in Monte street.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The great Northern and Southern mails were delayed 12 hours by yesterday's storm. No marine disasters reported.

DETROIT, Jan. 3.—A violent storm is raging, with ten inches of snow.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 3.—The Hamilton county neutrals hold themselves aloof from party caucuses. The organization of the Legislature depends upon them.

The tobacco merchants of this city sold $7,000,000 worth of leaf tobacco this year, an increase of $500,000 over the sales of last year.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 3.—The storm yesterday washed away the track of the Baltimore Railroad on either side of Long Bridge, at Bush river, causing a delay of the trains both ways. A large force of men have been at work all night reparing damages, and the trains are now running regularly. The storm was most furious all Sunday, and the waves washed over the bridges at both streams, Bush and Gunpowder.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, January 3.—Stocks steady and dull. Money activent 7. Exchange—long 8¾; short 9⅝. Gold 1 19⅞ 1862s, coupons 13⅛; Tennessee sixes, ex-coupons 53½; new 40. Virginia sixes, ex-coupons 47; new 54. Louisianas sixes—old 68; new 65. Levee sixes 64¾; 8s, 78¼. Alabama eights, 95; 5s. 60. Georgia sixes 81; 7s 92. North Carolinas, old 40¼; new 29. South Carolinas, new, 83 asked.

Flour dull and drooping. Wheat quiet and heavy. Corn dull. Pork nominal—new mess 29 25a29 50. Lard dull at 17¼a 17¾. Cotton quiet at 25⅜. Turpentine firm 45a45½. Rosin firm at 2 05a2 10 for strained. Freights dull.

LONDON, Noon, January 3.—Consols 92⅝. Bonds 87.

LIVERPOOL, January 3, noon.—Holiday. No Cotton market. Pork 105s. Lard dull. Bacon 62s. 6d.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

GEORGIA RAILROAD—171 miles—Fare five cents per mile.—JOHN P. KING, President; E. W. COLE, Superintendent; G. T. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN

Leave Augusta	7.00 A.M
Leave Atlanta	5.30 A.M.
Arrive at Aug	5.45 P.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	5.30 P.M.

No trains on Sunday.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	5.45 P.M.
Leave Atlanta	5.30 P.M.
Arrive at Augusta	5.30 A.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	7.40 A.M.

Passengers for Milledgeville, Washington and Athens, Ga., must take Day Passenger Train from Augusta and Atlanta.

Passengers for West Point, Montgomery, Selma, Mobile and New Orleans, must leave Augusta on Night Passenger train to make close connections.

Passengers for Nashville, Corinth, Grand Junction, Memphis, Louisville and St. Louis can take either train and make connections.

Through Tickets, and Baggage checked through to the above places.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars on all Night Passenger Trains. No change of cars on Night Passenger and Mail Trains between Augusta and West Point.

S. K. JOHNSON, Assistant Supt.

Georgia Railroad, Augusta, April 9, 1869.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD—E. HULBERT, Superintendent; E. D. WALKER, master of Transportion.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	5 50 P M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 10 A M
Leaves Chattanooga	5 50 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	8 15 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	8 15 A M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 45 P M
Leaves Chattanooga	4 40 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	2 00 P M

DALTON ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Atlanta	4 15 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	11 0 0 A M

ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD—87 miles—Fare, —— per mile—JOHN P. KING, President; L. P. GRANT, superintendent; R. M. FARRAR, Agent at Atlanta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN

Leave Atlanta	7.58 A. M
Arrive at West Point	12.30 P. M
Leave West Point	12.50 P. M
Arrive at Atlanta	5.25 P. M

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN

Leave Atlanta	3.00 P. M
Arrive at West Point	11.05 P. M
Leave West Point	3.00 A. M
Arrive at Atlanta	10.00 A. M

MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD.—103 miles—Fare, five cents per mile—A. J. WHITE President; R. A. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta; H. W. BRONSON, Master Transportation:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.55 A M
Arrive at Macon	1 40 P M
Leave Macon	7.55 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	5 10 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7 18 P M
Arrive at Macon	3 23 A M
Leave Macon	8.50 P M
Arrive in Atlanta	4.47 A M

POST OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., February 19, 1868.—From and after this date, until further notice, this office will be opened and closed as follows:

Open at	7 o'clock, A M
Close at	7 o'clock, P M

SUNDAYS.

Open at	8 o'clock, A M
Close at	10 o'clock, A M

J. L. DUNNING, P. M

ATLANTA POST OFFICE.—ARRIVAL and Departure of Mails. Office open at 7 o'clock, A. M.; Close at 7, P. M. Sundays from 8 to 10, A. M. Officers: JAMES L. DUNNING, Postmaster; JAMES DUNNING, Jr., Assistant Postmaster and Mailing Clerk; E. A. MCLAUGHLIN, Money Order Clerk; H. C. HOLCOMBE, Register Clerk; J. W. WOODRUFF, Distributing Clerk; J. F. WOODWARD, Gents' Delivery; R. J. ASHFORD, Ladies' Delivery; ROBERT JOHNSON, Clerk's Assistant.

	Mails arr've	Mails Cl'se
Washington, D. C.	3.45, A.M.	6 P.M.
New York	3.45 "	6 "
Philadelphia	3.45 "	6 "
Baltimore	3.45 "	6 "
Memphis and Arkansas, Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and Nashville	3.45 " 2 P.M.	6 "
W. & A. R. R. Way Mail	3.45 "	6 "
Augusta, Ga.	6.30 P.M.	5 P.M 6 A.M
Charleston	7.45 A.M.	6.30 P.M. 5 P. M.
Ga. R. R. Way Mail, Athens, Ga. and Milledgeville, Ga.	4.30 P. M.	6 A.M.
M. & W. R. R. Way Mail	3.00 P. M.	6.45 A.M.
Macon	4.00 A. M.	6 P.M.
Savannah, S. W. R. R. and Florida	4.00 A.M.	6 P.M.
New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery and Columbus	5.30 P.M.	7 A M.
Atlanta and Montgomery Way Way	5.30 P. M.	7 A.M.

TRI-WEEKLY MAIL LINE.

Atlanta to Dahlonega—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Dahlonega to Blairsville and to Murphy, N. C.—Weekly—Saturdays.

Newnan to Carrollton and Bowden—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Newnan to Franklin—Semi-Weekly—Wednesdays and Saturdays.

LaGrange to Griffin—Tri-Weekly, via Greenville, Ga.

LaGrange to Columbus, via Hamilton—Tri-Weekly.

Stone Mountain, Ga., to Lawrenceville—Tri-Weekly.

Lawrenceville to Gainesville—Weekly—Saturdays.

Athens to Gainesville—Semi-Weekly—Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Cartersville to Marble Works and Hiwassee Weekly—Tuesdays.

A NEW DISCOVERY!!

PHALON'S

"VITALIA;"

OR,

Salvation for the Hair.

CLEAR AS WATER!
WITHOUT SEDIMENT!!
OPEN TO THE LIGHT!!!

For Restoring to Gray Hair its Original Color.

PHALON'S "VITALIA" differs utterly from all the hair coloring preparations heretofore used. It is limpid, sweet smelling, precipitates no muddy or slimy matter, requires no shaking, imparts no stain to the skin. Hold it to the light and it is clear and colorless. It leaves no mark on the scalp; yet it reproduces in gray hair the natural color that time or sickness may have bleached out of it.

☞ Phalon's Vitalia ☜ is for one sole purpose, that of reproducing, with absolute certainty, the natural color of the hair. It is not intended as a daily dressing, nor for removing scurf or dandruff; nor for curing baldness; nor for stimulating the growth of the hair.—These objects may be accomplished after the color has been fixed with the Vitalia, by Phalon's Chemical Hair Invigorator.

THE VITALIA is a harmless and unequaled preparation for the reproduction of the original hue of gray hair, and nothing else. This is accomplished in from two to ten applications according to the depth of shade required. Sold by all druggists.

TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS

Cures diseases of the Liver and Stomach

Tutt's Expectorant,

A pleasant cure for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Tutt's Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight

The great Alterative and Blood Purifier

Tutt's Improved Hair Dye,

Warranted the best dye in use.

These valuable preparations are for sale by all Druggists in Atlanta nov20-d&w1y

JOHN N. COOPER,

WAREHOUSE,

Grocer and Commission Merchant,

LAGRANGE, GEORGIA,

WILL give his personal attention to Cotton, Flour and Bacon, consigned to him and will buy Cotton on commission oct17 d&w

THE WILLINGHAM FERTILIZER

FOR COTTON, CORN, & WHEAT.

THIS STANDARD MANURE, named after a well known practical Planter of Georgia and South Carolina, combines in a concentrated form all the fertilizing elements necessary for the production of COTTON, CORN and WHEAT, and by its use is certain to increase not only the yield, but to improve the quality of the products. It is made with a special view to the wants of the soils of the South, and can be relied upon as to excellence of material, containing highly necessary substances, the great cost of which have heretofore precluded their being in common use. It can be depended on as uniform, always reliable, and productive of good crops.

ALBANY, GA., September, 1869.

Having a full knowledge of the composition and process of manufacture of the "Willingham Cotton, Corn, Wheat and Rice Fertilizer," I have no hesitation in pronouncing it to be a most reliable fertilizer, one of the best in use, and most particularly adapted to the soil of Georgia and South Carolina.

THOMAS H. WILLINGHAM.

For corn per ton, 240 lbs.
For cotton per ton, 270 lbs.
Ist, on approved city acceptance.

B. L. WILLINGHAM,

GENERAL SUPERVISING AGENT.

FOR

South Carolina, Georgia & Alabama

PHILLIPS & MYERS,

MANUFACTURERS & GENERAL AGENTS,

Savannah, Georgia.

W. M. & R. J. LOWRY,

AGENTS,

Atlanta. - - - - Georgia.

nov20-d6m

CLARK'S

"O.N.T."

Spool Cotton

IS THE BEST FOR

HAND AND MACHINE SEWING.

FOR SALE BY ALL

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

DRY GOODS DEALERS.

dec15-deodfm

Hogs! Hogs! Hogs!

150 LIVE HOGS,

50,000 pounds Salted Fork, Sides, Hams and Shoulders,

5,000 pounds Leaf Lard in cans,

Hog Heads,

Spare-ribs,

Backbones,

Hog Brains,

Sausage Meat,

Flour, Corn, Bran and Hay, etc.,

For sale low for cash by

CHAS. F. BENSON,

Provision and Produce Merchant,

nov27-d3m Office 84 Whitehall street.

Plans and Estimates

ARE solicited for a New Market Building to be erected on the site of the present Market. The available space is in shape a parallelogram. The sides on Congress and Pryor streets being two hundred and ten (210) feet, and on the side streets one hundred and ninety-five (195) feet.

Plans may include a cellar story below, and halls, offices, etc., above the market proper. It is desirable to leave sufficient space in the interior for light and ventilation, at the same time roofing the entire area.

Two hundred and fifty dollars will be paid for the plan adopted, and one hundred dollars for the plan next approved.

Plans will be received until January 10, 1870.

Address: ALFRED HAYWOOD,
Chairman Market Committee,
dec17-d3tawtd Savannah.

Railroads.

Winter Arrangement!

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

THE OLD RELIABLE PASSENGER ROUTE

TO ALL

Northern, Eastern and Western Cities,

Carrying Great Southern Express.

The Only Route from Atlanta

RUNNING A

Double Daily Through Train,

Preventing a possibility of twenty-four (24) hours delay, incident to lines having but one Daily Train.

The United States Mail

BETWEEN ATLANTA AND NEW YORK

Is Carried Exclusively by this Line.

Through Passenger Trains Leave Atlanta

8:15 A. M.--5:50 P. M.

Making close connection at Kingston for

Rome, Selma, Meridian and New Orleans.

At Chattanooga, with the East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad for all points

NORTH AND EAST VIA LYNCHBURG.

The Memphis and Charleston, for

Canton, Memphis and New Orleans,

AND POINTS WEST.

The Nashville and Chattanooga, for

Nashville and all Points North, East and West via Louisville.

Passengers have choice of

TWENTY-SIX DIFFERENT ROUTES

FROM

Atlanta to New York.

PULLMAN'S TRAVELING PALACES

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

The Best Eating Houses in the Country.

NO MIDNIGHT CHANGES.

Finely Finished Cars well Heated and Ventilated.

QUICK TIME AND SURE CONNECTIONS.

Tickets for sale at all Ticket Offices for all Points Reached by this Line.

FARE SAME AS BY OTHER ROUTES.

Baggage Checked Through

☞ We do not advertise our Conductors. Their deportment and attention do that.

B. W. WRENN Gen Ticket Agent.
E. B. WALKER, Master Transportation.
E. HULBERT, Superintendent,
nov28-d3m

THE

GREAT SOUTHERN

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all sea ons.

THE EATING HOUSES

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANCE OF CARS

BETWEEN

West Point, Ga., & Wilmington, N.C.

Quick Time and Sure Connection

VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked, through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,

TO

Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

ON

All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta

BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

UNRIVALLED ON THE COAST.

Through Tickets on Sale at

Montgomery, West Point & Atlanta

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

J. A. ROBERT,

General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.

aprill-dtf

GLORIOUS NEWS

FROM THE STATE FAIR!

THE Fruitland Nurseries have just been awarded the highest Premiums at the Georgia State Fair. First Premium for the best and greatest variety of Grape House Plants. An extra Premium as some little compensation for our trouble and expense in the transportation of these Plants. First Premium for the largest collection of Seedling Apple Trees. First Premium for the largest collection of Grafted Peach Trees. First Premium for the largest and best collection of Pear Trees. First Premium for the greatest variety and best collection of

STRAWBERRY PLANTS!

The above Nurseries can by far the most complete and reliable in the United States. Our Stock embraces all the best and finest Variety Production. It is very large and superior in quality. Our patrons may therefore depend

"FRUITLAND,"

as an establishment where the most complicated order for Horticulture and Arboriculture will be satisfactorily filled, and the latest information as to progress and discoveries can be obtained. This is the main season for planting Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Bulbous Roots, Shrubs, Vines, Evergreens, Roses, Hedge Plants, etc., etc.

Send your orders at once. It will be found by a careful comparison of our qualities and prices, with those of other firms, that we are not surpassed in the superiority of the first, or in the moderation of the last. All orders should be sent to or left with

E. VAN GOIDTSNOVEN,

HORTICULTURAL AGENT, ATLANTA, GA.

dec8-d1m

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS AND MILLINERS.

HILL & KETCHAM,

257 *Canal Street, New York.*

INVITE the attention of the Southern trade to their complete assortment of

STRAWGOODS,

and all articles in the Millinery line, consisting of Straw, Silk and Velvet Hats, Sundowns, Straw Cords and Tassels, Flowers and Feathers, Trimmings of all kinds, Bonnet and Hat Frames, etc.

Special attention is given to a line of Trimmed Goods, for country trade. Orders filled with great care. A trial of styles and prices is solicited.

HILL & KETCHAM,
257 Canal Street,
Between Broadway and Eailes' Hotel.
nov22-dly

HENRY BANKS, DEALER IN BOOTS, SHOES, SOLE & UPPER LEATHER. 66

HAVING lately removed into Thrasher's new building, just opposite my former location, the public will do well to take

KNOWLEDGE

That, with a much more convenient house than before, I will be better able to serve them than ever. If

IS

Generally conceded and universally known that my system of business enables me to sell Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings at a much lower price than our credit merchants can afford, thus giving the people the

POWER

To clothe their feet decently at a small expense. Do not fail to call at

I. T. BANKS',

nov16 [sec 18] No. 66 Whitehall street

PROPOSALS.

EATONTON BRIDGE, CUTHBERT AND COLUMBUS R. R. CO.
OFFICE OF CHIEF ENGINEER,
Bainbridge, December 14, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, M. on Thursday, the 6th of January, 1870, for contract for Earth-work, Trestling, Grubbing and Clearing and Cross ties, for the Sections of this Road between Bainbridge and Georgetta—twenty miles in length. The Road will be divided in Sections of one mile each, and bids will be received for all or any of them. Distinct proposals will be received for Cross ties. Payments to be made monthly in cash, with reservation of 10 per cent. for faithful performance of contract. Profile and special allowances can be seen at this office on and after 1st January, 1870. The right is reserved to reject all bids if more are satisfactory.

JNO. G. CLARKE, Chief Engineer
dec18 law3t Julian

FOR RENT!

A DESIRABLE residence, in a good neighborhood, with Furniture, if desired. For further particulars apply at this Office. dec21 dtf

Bear Creek Hack Line!

WE have established a Hack Line from Bear Creek to McDonough, for the conveyance of passengers. We will also have hacks to run to other places convenient for the accommodation of the public. STILWELL & BIVENS.

Bear Creek oct24-d3m

Executor's Sale.

BY virtue of the last will and testament of Richard Byrne, deceased, I will sell before the Court House door, in the City of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga., within the legal hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in January next, one city lot on Mitchell street, containing one-half acre, more or less. Also, one city lot on Lloyd street 53½ feet front, running back one hundred thirty-seven feet. Terms cash. M. BLOOMFIELD,

dec7-d1ds Executor.

SUCCESS

UNPRECEDENTED!

Atlanta Department

SOUTHERN LIFE

Insurance Company.

Gen. JOHN B. GORDON, Pres't.

Progress UNEQUALLED by any Southern Company.

Over One Million Dollars of Insurance applied for monthly.

Secure. Its ratio of Assets to Liabilities scarcely excelled.

Economy. Strict economy in management is its prominent feature.

Expenses. Only about one half that of similar organizations of same age.

Popular. Its very rapid increase of business is proof.

Careful Selection of Risks is proven by extraordinary light losses.

Assets Over $600,000 00, and very rapidly increasing.

Policy-holders now number nearly 4,500.

All desirous of insuring are invited to examine our claims.

Active and Experienced Agents Wanted.

dec1 dtf W. U. MORRIS, Secretary.

THE WORLD'S WONDER.

DR. ABBETT'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

—OR—

LIVER MEDICINE

A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and indispositions that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as

Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,

Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,

Sourness of the Stomach,

Loss of Appetite,

Lowliness of Spirits, Colic,

Costiveness, Fever, Ague,

Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations. The wise will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

RANDOLPH COUNTY, ALA.

DR. L. B. ABBETT—I do hereby certify that your Liver Medicine, has cured my wife of the Sick Headache, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering with it. She was afflicted all her life—at least thirty five years. Has no symptoms now. JAMES B. JONES.

RANDOLPH CO., ALA., JAN 2, 1845

DR. L. B. ABBETT—I take pleasure in saying to you, that my wife has been afflicted for twelve years, and after taking a few bottles of your Liver Medicine, was restored to her wished health, and remains so, with very little symptom of the Dyspepsia or Liver Complaint. JOEL FOWLER.

For sale by all the Druggists in Atlanta, and by Druggists everywhere.

CRAWFORD & WALKER, Prop'rs,
nov21-dly West Point, Ga.

CORN!

PROLIFIC CORN!

I have a species of Corn which I obtained from a man in Virginia some two years ago. This man and his Corn have been denounced as humbugs. I am not able to say whether the seed I obtained is the "Egyptain Corn" or not, but I do know from having grown it twice, that it is by far the most valuable species of Corn ever planted in this country. I am well satisfied that two crops of this Corn can be produced in the same year in this climate, and I know that on the same land, with the same seasons and culture, it will yield three times as much as any other kind of corn of which I have any knowledge. I have planted it for two years, and have realized large crops, literally without rain. In this exceedingly dry year, if all the farmers of Bartow County had planted this corn, we would have been worth a million of dollars more than we are, and the people would have rejoiced in abundance of bread. I have some of this Corn for sale, and will dispose of it to those who wish to purchase at $6 a peck, delivered to the Railroad Agent at Kingston, Ga.

This Corn can be grown and gathered in this climate by the 15th of August, which gives far more ample time to prepare for and sow wheat, or other small grain on the same land. All orders to receive attention must be accompanied with the money, prepaid. I do not wish to sell less than one peck to any one order. Address me at Kingston, Ga. J. C. ROPER,

Sept. 28, 1869. Kingston, Ga.

We the undersigned citizens of Bartow county, do certify, that we visited the plantation of J. C. Roper about the 1st of August, 1869, and examined his field planted in the kind of Corn mentioned and described in his foregoing statement, and said field looked fresh and luxuriant, whilst the fields around and adjacent, seemed literally burned up with the drought. We are satisfied that Capt. Roper's statement about the Corn is true, and the undersigned, Lewis Tumlin, has already secured from him, seed to plant a large part of his crop the coming year. We counted twenty-three cars of corn produced from three grains this dry year. In our judgment, it is by far the most valuable Corn ever introduced into this country.

L. TUMLIN,
Cartersville, Ga.
MARK A. HARDIN,
Sept. 28, 1869. Kingston, Ga.

Capt. J. C. Roper, of Kingston, Ga., gave me a few ears of Corn, which I planted on a piece of gray upland. The land was very well prepared, and pretty well matured, and the Corn planted the 7th day of April, 1869. I know, that from the time the Corn was waist high, until it was well glazed in the grain, there never was a "season" of rain upon it, and yet was green and fresh until maturity, and did not seem to suffer from drought. The yield was extraordinary and the Corn attracted the attention of almost every passer by. I am no farmer, and had of course but a small plat of ground planted in this Corn, but if my judgment is worth anything, I can say, that if I had planted this Corn altogether, I would have made, in this dry year, three or four times as much Corn as I did.

GEO. N. LESTER,

☞ When the supply is exhausted, this advertisement will be withdrawn.

oct1-dtf

Terhune & Thomas,

Commission Merchants in

LIVE STOCK

SLAUGHTERERS and Packers—wholesale and retail dealers in Beef, Pork, Mutton, etc. Constantly on hand,

Sausages, Corned and Spiced Beef.

Also, a large quantity of Choice Lard, prepared by ourselves for the trade and family use. We beg leave to inform the public, that we have just completed our very extensive arrangements for Slaughtering and Packing Hogs, and would call the attention of parties interested, to the very superior Market which Atlanta affords for their Meats or Bones. We would also suggest to merchants, the advantage of slaughtering and packing their own Bulk Meats in the city. We are able to slaughter and deliver from three to five hundred Hogs a day. Direct letters to T. O. Box ——, Atlanta, Ga. nov18-d3m

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants,

CHAPMAN, RUCKER & CO.,

COMMERCIAL BUILDING, WHITEHALL STREET,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Commission and Tobacco Merchants.

1869

Jordan, Howard & Harralson,

COMMISSION

MERCHANTS

WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

TOBACCO, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &

—OF—

All the Choice Brands and Qualities

—AT—

jan7 LOWEST CASH PRICE.

JOHN. STEPHENS, Late with Glenn, Wright & Carr

JOHN H. FLYNN, Atlanta

LOUIS GHOLSTON, Augusta

STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, LIQUORS, ETC.

Agents for the Sale of

LIME, GUANO, VIRGINIA LAND PLASTER & SAND

Forsyth Street—Near the Capitol—Atlanta, Ga.

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING:

CORN, BLACK SEED OATS, TIMOTHY HAY, FLOUR & VARIOUS GRADES

100,000 lbs. Bulk Meat, 20,000 lbs. Leaf Lard in Cans.

FINE WHISKY, LIME, CEMENT,

Northern and Western Apples of the best Varieties,

FLORIDA ORANGES IN LARGE QUANTITIES

FISH, BUTTER, DRESSED POULTRY

Our Consignments are Direct from Producers and Manufacturers,

And will be sold low, as our instructions are to sell promptly, and not to hold for speculation, but to get us a trial

We are also prepared to receive and sell COTTON ON COMMISSION on the same.

dec15-d6m STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.

M. O. MARKHAM,

Dealer in

BOOTS AND SHOES, LEATHER, CALF SKINS,

SHOE FINDINGS, ETC.,

Empire Block, Whitehall St.

oct14-3m *Atlanta, Georgia.*

T. A. CHASTAIN. W. K. FOX.

CHASTAIN & FOX,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FURNITURE DEALERS,

NO. 4, GRANITE BLOCK,

Broad Street Atlanta, Ga.

WE have now in Store the best assorted Stock of Furniture in the city, which we offer at prices that defy competition, consisting of Parlor, Bedroom, and Office Furniture in suits or single pieces.

BEDSTEADS, BUREAUS,

SIDEBOARDS, 1-4 MARBLE AND FULL MARBLE,

BOOK-CASES, WARDROBES,

HAT RACKS, WASHSTANDS, ETC.,

PLAIN AND MARBLE TOP

The Largest Lot of Chairs that was ever in the city at one time, all of which we offer at

WHOLESALE FACTORY PRICES IN LOUISVILLE, KY., ETC.

Now is your time to Buy Cheap and Good Bargains. We are determined to sell a cheaper than can be bought here. Dealers will do well to examine our Stock before going North as they will save ——— of transportation. Ladies especially are invited to call and examine this stock. Don't forget the place,

GRANITE BLOCK BROAD STREET.

sep30-d3m

LAMP OILS.

LAMP GOODS.

Separate from my Oil business, I keep a first-class stock of

PLAIN AND FANCY GROCERIES,

Especially adapted to the RETAIL CITY TRADE, I have just received the following:

Pearl Hominy,	2,000 lbs. Candy—assorted,	Raisins Figs, Currants,
Pearl Grits,	Citron, Canned Fruit-, Dates,	Cranberries, Pickles in barrels
Buckwheat Flour,	20 kinds Crackers—fresh,	Sour Crout, Sardines,
Hams—new sugar-cured,	Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon,	Bologna Sausages, Jellies, Nuts,
Breakfast Bacon,	Oranges, Lemons,	Apples in quantity,
Dried Beef, Fresh Mullet,	Dressed Poultry,	Java Coffee—old Gov't,
	Pickled Pigs Feet, etc., etc.	

A fine lot of WHISKIES, WINES and SWEET JERSEY CIDER, on hand. Country Merchants would find it to their advantage to get their Lamp Oils and Lamp Goods of me.

☞ MY OIL WAGON will start soon, when the citizens may have the best KEROSENE and PETRO OIL delivered at their doors, without extra charge.

No Oil kept in Grocery Department.

dec12-d6m JOHN T. HAGAN, Sign Red Flag.

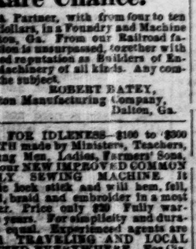
A Rare Chance.

WANTED—A Partner, with from four to ten thousand dollars, in a Foundry and Machine business at Dalton, Ga. From our Railroad facilities the location is unsurpassed, together with a well established reputation as Builders of Engines and Mill Machinery of all kinds. Any communication on the subject,

Address: ROBERT BATEY,
Dalton Manufacturing Company,
dec23-d1m Dalton, Ga.

NO EXCUSE FOR IDLENESS—$100 to $300 PER MONTH made by Ministers, Teachers, Intelligent Young Men, Ladies, Farmers' Sons, etc, by selling our NEW IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. It makes the elastic lock stitch and will hem, fell, stitch, tuck, bind, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $20. Fully warranted for three years. For simplicity and durability it has no equal. Experienced agents are greatly desired. TRAVELING AND LOCAL AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE. For Circulars and terms to agents, address SECOMB & CO., Box 113, West Point, Ga. dec18-d3m

ROSADALIS.



ROSADALIS.

"Life of the flesh is in the blood."

marl8d-deodly